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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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VICEROY'S FRESH MOVE FOR 'INTERIM' GOVT.

Plan Indicated In Talk With Jawahar

INVITATIONS FOR LEAGUE & CONGRESS PRESIDENTS

Constituent Assembly To Open Early In September

NEW DELHI, July 24, (A.P.I.): The first move in the fresh negotiations for the setting up of an Interim Government is believed to have been initiated by the Viceroy. It synchronises, according to plan, with the end of the elections to the Constituent Assembly.

Political quarters think that an outline of his propramme was indicated by the Viceroy in his talk with Pandit Nehru, Congress President, on Monday. Although the more immediate subject of the interview was the Post and Telegraph Strike and the threat of its extension to hitherto unaffected areas.

NEW BASIS FOR CO-OPERATION

It is further believed in political circles that letters have either been sent or will soon go out from the Viceroy's House to Congress and Moslem League Presidents setting out the new basis on which the co-operation of the two parties will be sought for the establishment of the Interim Government.

The Working Committee and the Council of the All-India Moslem League, when they meet during the week-end and early next week in Bombay, will probably have before them the main features of the Viceroy's new plan, which will doubtless vitally influence their final decision.

INTERIM GOVT. BY MIDDLE OF AUGUST

The time table to which official quarters are believed to be working envisages the formation of the Interim Government by about the middle of August, so that the Constituent Assembly might open by the first week of September.

The nucleus of a Secretariat to the Constituent Assembly under Mr. H. V. R. Iyengar is already in being. The high domed Central Hall of the Council Library, chosen for the meetings of the Assembly, echoes night and day to the mallet strokes of carpenters working round the clock to complete the fitting of seats for 385 members and making other alterations.

Sivaraj Beaten By Congress Candidate

Mrs. Velayudhan Elected: Error Detected In Counting Of Votes

MADRAS, July 24. (A.P.I.): Mrs. Dakshayini Velayudhan (Congress) was declared duly elected to the Constituent Assembly in the place of Dewan Bahadur N. Sivaraj, President, All-India Scheduled Caste Federation, on a recalculation of the votes at the Secretariat this morning.

Mr. Raghava Varma, Secretary to the Madras Legislative Assembly and returning officer for the Constituent Assembly Election, in a statement today states: "On recalculation it is found that Mrs. Dakshayini Velayudhan gets a larger number of points than Dewan Bahadur N. Sivaraj and so Mrs. Velayudhan is elected to the Constituent Assembly.

The miscalculation was detected by the Returning Officer in transferring surplus points between Mr. Sivaraj and Mrs. Velayudhan necessitating a recounting this morning.

Election was conducted on the basis of proportional representation by means of single transferable votes.

With the election of Mrs. Velayudhan, all the 45 nominees of the Congress Party are returned to the Constituent Assembly from Madras.

SUPPLEMENTARY GRANT FOR EDUCATION

Bombay Assembly Votes Kher's Demand For Rs. 78 Lakhs

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA, July 24.—The demand for a supplementary grant of Rs. 78,54,403 under the head Educaiton made by Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, was pressed to division at the Legislative Assembly today and was declared carried by 108 against 25.

In a speech lasting over an hour and half, Premier Kher gave an exposition of the essential principles of Basic Education and appealed to League Members to consider it on merits. Announcing that he would deal with the whole question from an educational and not political point of view he had not the slightest difficulty to show that what the Government proposed was something scientific, something by which our children would benefit. But Khan Saheb A. A. Khan, Deputy Leader of the League Assembly party refused to be satisfied with anything less than a categorical assurance that the ideological and cultural implications of what he termed the Wardha scheme would not be imposed on them.

A good part of the total demand of the Premier and Education Minister is of course taken up by increases in dearness allowances and salaries. Apart from this, the biggest item is the contemplated expenditure of Rs. 21.60.000 to be given as grants to local bodies for introduction of crafts in 14,000 second grade primary schools in the province. This amounts to nothing more than Rs. 50 recurring and hundred non-recurring per year per school. Yet it was this scheme which has called forth the wrath of the Muslim League party and made them cry out that their culture and ideology are gravely menaced.

REFRESHER COURSES

Connected with the introduction and extension of basic education is another item of Rs. 36 320 which is proposed to be spent on a refresher course in Basic Education to ensure the supply of adequately trained teachers.

Government proposes to conduct eight refresher courses of five weeks each at the Poona Training College for men this year. About 250 persons being staff of training institutions and Assistant Deputy Educational Inspectors in batches of 30 each will be asked to take this course.

VISUAL INSTRUCTION

Another direction in which the Government proposes to extend educational facilities is in the field of visual instruction. The Government already possesses some film projectors. Some of them are being used by the Village Publicity scheme of the last Government

The present Government proposes to assign 50 film strip projectors and fifty—sixteen milimeter projectors permanently for the use of schools. Government is spending two lakhs for purchase of generators, sound attachment, films and for establishment charges. They have also allotted Rs. 72072 at the rate of Rs 5544 per district for reorganising adult education. Provision is made for the opening of 59 one teacher schools in schoolless villages of Ratnagiri Distri...; four 'lokshalas' at Dhulia, Nadiad, Bijapur and Poona for Marathi, Gujerati, Kannada and Urdu respectively in order to provide a new type of secondary education as well as to improve the educational qualification of Primary Teachers.

In the course of the debate, Premier Kher explained that products of these schools would have matriculation standard of knowledge minus English. The Government also propose to open 20 agricultural bias schools and as a first step, the Primary school at Degaon, Satara Taluka and the high school at Abrama are being converted into agricultural bias schools. Besides these, there are many other provisions for scholarships to scheduled class students and the extension of scheme of supply of midday meals to backward class pupils.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK July 24

NEW YORK COTTON (OCTOBER).	
Previous Closing	35.38
Today's Opening	35.23
Difference	—15
Today's Closing	34.38
Difference	—100

KRISHNA PRASAD AT G. P. O.

Mr. Krishna Prasad, Director-General of Posts & Telegraphs is seen looking over the letters sorted by the clerks at the G. P. O. on Wednesday. Bombay P. M. G. Shalom and Presidency Post Master Col. Khambata are seen with him.

Postal Strike Committee Decision Today

Federation Of P. & T. Unions Postpone Strike Sequel To Sardar's Appeal

NEW DELHI, July 24, (AP.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has asked the Federation of Post and Telegraph Unions to extend by at least one week the Federation's strike notice which is due to expire at midnight on July 25/26.

Postponed For A Week

The Posts and Telegraphs general strike which was to have started at midnight of July 25-26 has been put off till August 3. During the interval "friendly negotiations" will continue for a settlement of the dispute with the Federation of Posts and Telegraphs Union.

"Friendly Negotiations In Progress"

The Federation passed the following resolution:

"The General Council of the Federation met at 9-30 tonight and was apprised of the developments that have taken place during the day, including messages from Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel addressed to Diwan Chamanlal. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in his telegram urged the General Council to extend the time given to the Administration for conceding its demand by one week at least in order to give the authorities time to consider the issues involved, realising the serious consequences of a general stoppage of work.

In his message Maulana Abul Kalam Azad expressed his hope that the intervention at the highest level would result in a satisfactory settlement and instructed Dewan Chamanlal to continue his negotiations adding that he himself would be arriving in Delhi on July 28. The General Council also took note of the important statement issued by Panlit Jawaharlal Nehru requesting all parties concerned to keep in view the general interest of the country. Meanwhile, as a result of day-long negotiations, Diwan Chamanlal after contacting the highest authorities concerned, is authorised to declare that friendly negotiations are in progress.

"In view of these circumstances, the General Council, thanking our national leaders for the great sympathy and concern shown by them, has resolved unanimously to accept their advice and to defer any contemplated action for a period of ten days, which will expire on August 3.

All individual members and units of the Federation are hereby informed in supersession of any previous notice, that they must continue to stand loyalty at their posts. The Federation has every confidence in the loyalty of its members and assures them that the great restraint and patience they are now exercising will result within a very short time in substantial gains.

Final Decision To-day

BOMBAY, Wednesday.—The hopes of an early settlement of the post and telegraph strike seem to be fairly bright, though no final decision is yet arrived at. Spokesmen of the Strike Committee are optimistic about the results of their preliminary negotiations at Poona, and hope that the Strike Committee might take a conciliatory attitude and decide to end the strike.

Mr. Krishna Prasad today expressed the view that a settlement might be reached soon.

The Strike Committee of the All-India Postmen Lower Grade Staff and R.M.S. Union, which has to take the final decision of the question of calling off the strike, postponed its meeting till tomorrow (Thursday) noon as only three out of the twelve members of the Committee were present.

The three members present were Mr. V. G. Dalvi, General Secretary of the Union (ex-officio), Mr. T. S. Ramanujam (Madras), and Mr. Rohini Ray (Bengal and Assam).

The other members of the Committee are: Mr. V. G. Shatam, Assistant Secretary (ex-officio), Mr. F. J. Madtis, General Secretary (ex-officio), Mr. D. N. Misra (U.P.), Mr. B. Panday (C.P.), Mr. M. A. Bhaktiyar (Punjab), Mr. G. L. Mulchandani (Sind and Baluchistan), Mr. K. S. Dharia (Bombay), Mr. Mirza Abdul Rehman (Delhi) and Mr. S. R. Azam (Bihar).

Mr. Dalvi had informal talks today with Mr. Krishna Prasada and Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa, President of the Bombay Legislative Council.

Krishna Prasad Meets Jinnah

Mr. Krishna Prasad, Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, had an interview with Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, today and explained the position of the government in regard to the postal strike.

Mr. Jinnah had previously received a report from Mr. V. G. Dalvi, secretary of the All-India Postmen's Union.

Arrangements to maintain a skeleton telegraph service, deteriorated today. Mr. Shalom, Postmaster General, said that in the telegraph department, 470 out of a total of 900 linesmen were on strike today. He said that work has been further hampered, by the strike of a few mechanics, at the C.T.O. today.

There were frequent interruptions on the trunk telephone, today also. From yesterday upto noon today, there were as many as 43 interruptions on the lines.

A notification from the Postmaster General today states that outward foreign telegrams are accepted at the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay, from only firms and individuals who have already got deposit accounts for the purpose of booking telegrams.

PICKETING CONTINUES

Picketing of post offices and delivery centres continued today.

A batch of labourers going for work at the foreign branch office at Ballard Estate were assaulted by some strikers. As a result, most of them refrained from going to work.

There was a scuffle in front of the G.P.O. this morning, when three orasis attached to the Postmaster General's office were prevented from entering the G.P.O. by some strikers. Police soon came to the rescue of the chaprasis and restored order.

DECCAN RULERS TO MEET GANDHIJI

MIRAJ, July 24 (UPI).—Mahatma Gandhi has agreed to grant the Deccan States Rulers an interview in connection with the Deccan States Union Scheme on July 28 at Panchgani.

With the consent of the Deccan States Resident, the Kolhapur Durbar has called a meeting of the Deccan States' Rulers for considering the possibility of the entrance of Kolhapur in the Deccan States Union.

5 More Passive Resisters Convicted

DURBAN, July 23 (Reuter): The number of passive resisters committed for jail here rose to 261 today when five Indians were each fined £3 (about Rs. 40) or in default 30 days. The fines were not paid.

Asaf Ali Appears For Sheikh Abdulla

SRINAGAR, July 23, (UPI): Mr. Asaf Ali who arrived here last night, appeared in the Sessions Court to defend Mr Sheikh Abdullah today. Mr. Asaf Ali reserved his right to cross-examine prosecution witnesses on the plea that the chief Defence Counsel, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who was expected to arrive in Srinagar tomorrow had to be consulted.

The second prosecution witness examined today at length was Pandit Shivnath Tikka, a C.I.D Reporter. Witness was present at all meetings addressed by Mr. Sheikh Abdullah in connection with the "Quit Kashmir" movement. Witness related how the accused incited the audience to raise a revolt against the Dogra Rule. Witness further said that slogans were raised by the audience against the person and family of the Maharaja and the Prime Minister.

Further hearing was adjourned till tomorrow.

STOP PRESS

GOVT. OF INDIA ADAMANT

NEW DELHI, July 23. (A.P.I.): The Government of India's firm decision to give P. and T. employees no more relief than that recommended by the Adjudicator was announced by Sir Eric Conran Smith, Member for Communications at the end of the day during which efforts were made to come to an agreement on the demands for further relief put forward by the Federation.

TWO KILLED AND 9 INJURED IN BHADRAK FIRING

CUTTACK, July 24. (A.P.I.): Two persons were killed and nine injured when police opened fire to disperse Muslim and Hindu crowds this morning in Bhadrak town following a communal dispute, according to reports received from Bhadrak.

Ambedkar Parades As 'Congress Benefactor'!

MIGHT HAVE JOINED JINNAH AND GOT A SEAT

But Wants To Give One More Chance To "Hindu-Congress"

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The threat that he had many surprises up his sleeves and would, when the 'right' time came, unleash deadlier moral weapons to storm the citadel of the "Hindu-Congress heirs to British power" was made by Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, President of the All-India Scheduled Classes Federation, in the course of a 60-minute chat with the "Bombay Chronicle" representative this evening.

NO MOCK SHOW

Dr. Ambedkar said: "I have not yet shown my full teeth. Do not imagine we are staging a mock-show at Poona. It is only the beginning of a struggle that would grow grimmer and fiercer day by day, ultimately rocking the entire country."

Giving a sample of the contents of his armoury, he observed: "For instance. I and my people might fast unto death!"

A hundred thousand 'satyagrahis' were ready to march to Poona "if only the Premier of Bombay promised necessary rations.' The struggle would take an All-India shape shortly. Poona showed but a glimpse into the "tremendous potentialities" of his people.

"BENEFACTOR OF CONGRESS"

Saying that he was in a way the "benefactor of the Congress" Dr. Ambedkar claimed it lay within his power to nullify the existence of that organisation totally. "Could not I and my community decide to become Muslim converts? If I adopt Mr. Jinnah's religion I will not stand to lose in any measure and, indeed, he might nominate me as a Muslim member to the Executive Council. I have not taken that drastic step because I want to save the Congress from total degeneration," he averred.

"Why have I not embarked on that very drastic course?" Dr. Ambedkar continued. "It is because I desire to give the Congress one more chance. The fight which we have inaugurated shows that my party has taken the line of least resistance."

He would himself participate in the 'satyagraha' at the opportune moment. At the present juncture the "General Staff" of the movement consisted only of a small nucleus of 'commanders.' As the supreme commander and the 'confidante' of thousands of followers, Dr. Ambedkar did not deem it necessary for him to court arrest. "But," he said, "I am not afraid of jail life. Only, I do not believe in spectacular and unplanned action."

Asked what sort of blue-print he expected from the Congress, the doctor answered: "What has the Congress done to us constructively in the last twenty years. They are now the inheritors of British power and domination. We have a right to ask them what they propose to do to us under the new constitution. We do not place any trust in vague promises and platitudes. We want concrete proof of Congress sincerity to deal with us justly and fairly. Let them descend from the dizzy heights of phrase-mongering to the brass-tacks."

PLEA FOR "SATISFACTORY BLUE-PRINT"

"Should the Congress issue a thoroughly satisfactory blue-print, would you be prepared to call upon your followers to join that body?" Dr. Ambedkar was asked next.

"Certainly not," he replied. "We are more radically inclined, socially and politically, than the Congress. We represent the poorest of the poor. We are sons of the soil, the true masses. As such, we cannot contemplate joining a pseudo-socialist organisation as the Congress."

However, if the Congress made a square deal to the Scheduled Classes, and was ready to launch on a "real" struggle for the resurgence of the country, he would unhesitatingly offer his co-operation.

Dr. Ambedkar denied he had said in his Poona press conference that his party had been given any assurances from the Muslim League in any form and on any issue. His unwillingness to start 'Satyagraha' campaigns in the 'Muslim' provinces proceeded from the premise that the Muslims had done no harm to the Scheduled Classes.

VOTES WON BUT SEATS LOST!

In an allusion to the fate of the Scheduled Class candidates in the recent general elections, he maintained that there was no real trial of strength. His men had won all the votes but lost the seats because "Hindu" votes helped to swamp their chances.

"We are fighting for our liberty, for our very existence," Dr. Ambedkar feelingly observed towards the end. "We, a large community, have been denied elementary justice for decades. We have been maltreated, our just demands brushed aside with contempt. No chord of sympathy has been touched from any quarter. What we ask for is justice and fair-play. Let us have it or, by God, the consequences would be terrible as none could picture".

43 MORE SATYAGRAHIS CONVICTED

POONA, July 24. (A. P. I.): Today, 43 more Scheduled Class Satyagrahis were convicted for their demance yesterday of the District Magistrate's order banning demonstrations in the vicinity of the Council Hall, 41 of them were sentenced to pay Rs. 50 fine or in default to undergo simple imprisonment for two months and the

CONGRESS CAPTURES CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY. See Page 2

remaining two to a fine of Rs. 30 each or in default one month's simple imprisonment. The Satyagrahis chose to go to jail.

Demonstrations of the Scheduled Castes continued today and the police arrested and sent 118 volunteers to the Yervada Jail to be kept in custody.

The organisers also took out a procession as usual.

PROTEST AGAINST TRIALS IN JAIL, POONA, July 24.

Mr. P. N. Rajabhoj, in a statement, says:—

"I must strongly protest against the very undemocratic procedure adopted while conducting the prosecution cases against our Satyagrahis. The trials of our Satyagrahis are held in jails. Such trials held behind bars in jail precincts are against all edicts of common decency and equity. Sooner the procedure is dropped, the better for all concerned".

NEHRU IN SRINAGAR

LAHORE, July 24 (API).—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President, and party arrived in Srinagar by car at 7-40 p.m. Pandit Nehru is expected to stay in Srinagar for three days.

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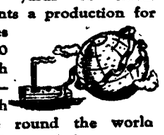

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Nation's Best Talent In Constituent Assembly

CONGRESS EMERGES WITH ABSOLUTE MAJORITY

Fate Of Group "C" In Hands Of Ambedkar, Huq And Communists

BOMBAY, Wednesday, (A.P.I.): India has sent the cream of her leadership to the Constituent Assembly, the elections for which concluded today. Congress has emerged with an absolute majority, having secured 207 seats in a house of 389 including the Indian States. The party position today is:

Congress	....	207
Muslim League	....	73
Independent General	....	9
Independent Muslims	....	3

The four seats allotted to the Sikhs have not been filled in yet, and the election to the 93 seats for the Indian States will follow at a later stage.

Of the 216 general seats excluding the States, Congress secured 207 losing only nine. Among the nine are the Scheduled Castes Leader, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, the former Member in the Viceroy's Executive Council, Sir Jwala Prasad Srivastava, the U. P. Industrialist Sir Pudumpat Singhania, and the Behari Zammindar Maharajadhiraja of Darbhanga.

The Muslim League lost only five of the Muslim seats, they went to the top Congress leaders, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Khan Abdul Ghafar Khan and the new Congress Working Committee member Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, the Krishak Praja Party leader Mr. Fazlul Huq, and one Unionist from the Punjab, Mr. Sikandar Hyat Khan.

The Communist Party is represented by a lone member from Bengal.

WHERE LEAGUE HAS MAJORITY

While the League has got absolute majority in the 'B' Group and probably a working majority in the 'C' Group, the 'A' Group will consist of 164 Congress nominees, 19 Muslim Leaguers and seven Independents.

The 'C' Group will include 35 Muslim Leaguers, and 32 Congressmen. The three Independents are Dr. Ambedkar, Mr. Fazlul Huq and one Communist, and on their attitude will depend the future of this group.

In the 'B' Group the Muslim League has 19 partymen against the 11 of the Congress, the other two being one a Coalitionist and the representative of Baluchistan.

Into the Constituent Assembly has come the best talents in the country. Mahatma Gandhi has consented to remain as adviser. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, who has played such important roles in the country's struggle had to keep away because of his ill-health. Owing to some practical difficulty the nomination of Dr. M. R. Jayakar did not come in time, but a place may be found for him later.

The newly elected Constituent Assembly is expected to meet in New Delhi early in September to draw up the Constitution of a free India.

ALL CONGRESS CANDIDATES RETURNED
Constituent Assembly Results In Bombay

POONA, July 24 (API).—Congress nominees have been returned to the Constituent Assembly from all the 19 general seats allotted to Bombay Province in the Constituent Assembly.

Two Muslim League candidates, Messrs. I. I. Chundrigar and Abdul Kader Sheikh, have been returned unopposed to the Constituent Assembly from the two Muslim seats

The following are the Congress candidates returned:

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Shanker Rao Deo, Mr. B. G. Kher, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Mr. Kanyalal Desai, Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Dr. Alban D'Souza, Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Mr. B. M. Gupte, Mr. K. M. Jedhe, Mr. S. N. Mane, Mrs. Hansa Mehta, Mr. G. M. Talawade, Mr. S. Jihlingappe, Mr. S. K. Patil, Mr. M. R. Masani, Mr. H. V. Pataskar, Mr. Shantilal Shah and Mr. Khandhubhai Desai.

S. N. MANE RESIGNS

POONA July 24, (U.P.I.): It is understood that Mr. S. N. Mane, Parliamentary Secretary to the Civil Supplies Minister who is a Congress nominee to the Constituent Assembly, has resigned his post and a new Harijan Parliamentary Secretary is likely to be appointed soon in his place from the Congress Harijan members of the Bombay Assembly.

Syed Group Declares Against Grouping

KARACHI, July 24. (A.P.I.): A resolution opposing grouping of Sind with the Punjab was passed at a conference held at Sehwan under the auspices of the Sind Progressive Muslim League, Sheikh Abdul Majid presiding.

Mr. G. M. Syed and other members of his party addressing the conference said that with great difficulty Sind was separated from Bombay in 1935. The Muslims of Sind would again suffer greatly by being grouped with the Punjab.

The conference decided to change the name of the party from the Sind Progressive Muslim League to the Sind Progressive Muslim Jamait.

The Jamait will confine its activities to Sind only and prepare the electorate for the new order.

Fresh Motion Against Sind Ministry

KARACHI, July 24. (A.P.I.)): It is understood that the Sind Assembly Coalition Party has decided to give fresh notice of a "no confidence" motion against the present Sind Ministry, as the previous "no confidence" motion lapsed when the Sind Assembly was prorogued on July 12 after the election of members to the Constituent Assembly.

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Stage Set For Meeting Of Executive In Bombay

BOMBAY, July 24.

The policy of the All-India Muslim League as regards the short-term and long-term proposals of the British Cabinet Mission will go into the melting-pot tomorrow evening at 5 o'clock when the Working Committee of the League starts its deliberations at the residence of its President, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, in Bombay.

The Muslim League regards the present situation as "totally opposed to the authoritative" Statement made by the Cabinet Delegation and the Viceroy on May 25, clarifying their Statement of May 16, "particularly with regard to the grouping of Provinces which is the cornerstone of the long-term scheme."

RESOLUTION

A resolution embodying the decision of the Working Committee and the course of action to be taken by the Muslim League will be formulated and placed on the morning of the following day before the Council of the League for its consideration and ratification.

ARRIVALS

Nawab Siddiq Ali Khan, M. L. A. (Central) and Head of the Muslim National Guards, arrived yesterday.

Nearly 450 prominent Muslim Leaguers including members of the Working Committee and Councillors have also arrived.

Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan who arrives today, will be accorded a reception at Bombay Central.

Among those expected to arrive today are: Sir Mohd. Sadulla, Nawab Ismail Khan, Choudhry Khaliquzzaman, Raja of Mehmoodabad and Begum Mohd. Ali.

Arrangements have been made for the reception of members, councillors and guests both at Bombay Central and Victoria Terminus.

Boarding and lodging arrangements for the members and councillors have been completed.

KOLHAPUR PRESS DEPOSIT FORFEITED

KOLHAPUR, July 24, (A. P. I.): The sum of Rs. 1,000 deposited by Mr Gokhale, Printer, Publisher and Editor of "Vidya-Vilas", a Marathi daily of Kolhapur, on December 14, 1945 has been forfeited to the Kolhapur State, according to a notice served on Mr. Gokhale by the District Magistrate, for some objectionable matter in some of the issues of the said daily.

Slave India And Fettered Ceylon Can't Negotiate Treaties

Senanayake Thinks Present Govt. Have No Real Sanction Behind Them

COLOMBO, July 24 (API).—Messrs. Aryanayakam and Ramachandran, Members of the Committee appointed by the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress, had further conference with the leader of the State Council, Mr. D. S. Senanayake, this morning lasting two hours.

The visitors would not say anything further than that after frank and full discussions they had had with Mr. Senanayake during their last three meetings with him so far, they now knew the facts about Ceylon Indians' case as well as the Ceylon Government's case in regard to the political and economic rights of Indians resident in the island. They would draw up their report based on these facts and submit it to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. C. Rajagopalachari who, it is learned, may visit Ceylon in the first week of September.

It is understood that Mr. Senanayake maintained during the talks that at a time when India was in the constitutional throes and new constitution was imminent for Ceylon, Governments of both countries constituted as at present had no real sanction behind them to negotiate a settlement of the outstanding questions between the two countries.

SUSPENDING ACTION AGAINST LABOURERS

Discussions, it is learned, covered both short term and long term aspects of the problem. The Indian visitors are believed to have appealed to Mr. Senanayake that in view of the advice of the Indian National Congress to the Ceylon Indian labourers to call off the strike in the rubber and tea plantations and the appointment of a Committee consisting of such eminent national leaders as Pandit Nehru and Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, the Ceylon Government should as a gesture of reciprocity suspend the criminal action launched against the Indian labourers of Knavesmire Estate and allow them to stay in the estate lines and work on the estate—though they need not be given allotments immediately like Sinhalese villagers—pending final and amicable settlement between the two countries.

This was urged by Indian visitors at Conference last night after their having gauged the feeling among the Indian labourers on the estates and particularly Knavesmire Estate which they had visited earlier.

NO WITHDRAWAL OF CASES

This morning, it is learned, Mr. Senanayake invited the visitors for a fresh meeting at the Secretariat. Discussions are believed to have made some headway as Mr. Senanayake agreed to consider their suggestion. It is learned, however, that later today he informed the visitors that he could not accept their suggestion in view of the many developments, particularly as the matter was now before court.

As for the long-term settlement of questions like franchise and citizenship rights, Mr. Aranayakam and Mr. Ramachandran seemed to have taken the view that those problems should await the arrival of Pandit Nehru and Mr. Rajagopalachari. They also discussed the approximate date for the arrival of Pandit Nehru and Mr. Rajagopalachari and it is learned that the first week of September has been suggested.

Messrs. Ramachandran and Aryanayakam are leaving for Madras by air on July 26 and 28 respectively.

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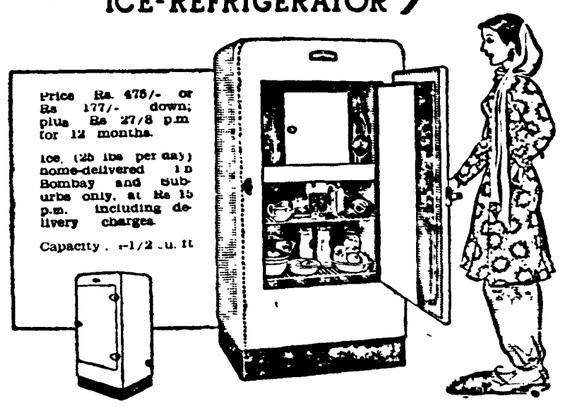

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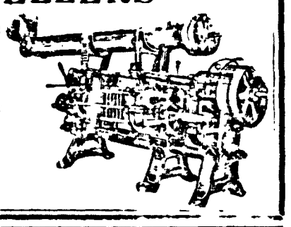

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INDIAN NATIONAL THEATRE
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TILAK DEATH ANNIVERSARY

B. P. C. C. Programme For Aug. 1

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee announce:—

The 26th Death Anniversary of Lokmanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak falls on Thursday, August 1, 1946, and as usual the Congress Committees in the City of Bombay will observe it in a fitting manner. The Tilak Anniversary gives us an opportunity to remember the manifold services of Lokmanya Tilak to the cause of our national freedom and to dedicate ourselves on this solemn occasion to that great mission for which Tilak lived and died.

The following is the programme of the day arranged by the B.P.C.C.:—

7-30 a.m. Procession: A Procession will start from the Congress House, and terminate at Chaupatty, near Tilak Statue, after passing through the following route:—

Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Lamington Road, Opera House, Sandhurst Road and Chaupatty.

8 a.m. Flag Salutation: Shri S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C., will unfurl the National Flag and address.

8-15 a.m. Garlanding Ceremony: Garlanding Tilak Statue by the B.P.C.C., D.C.Cs., T.C.Cs., and other public Associations and institutions.

6 p.m. Public Meeting: Public Meeting on Chaupatty Sands. President of the B.P.C.C., will preside and prominent speakers will address.

SHE HAS NO MORE AWFUL HEADACHES
Since She Started Taking Kruschen Salts

This woman's headaches were not of the "morning after the night before" variety. They did not yield to tablets or pills. The cause lay too deep for such first-aid treatment. But when Kruschen tackled the root of the trouble, her headaches soon disappeared for good.

"I used to get frightful headaches," she writes. "The pain was terrible. No tablets or pills of any kind could cure them. One morning, casually, I tried Kruschen Salts in a glass of hot water. I continued taking it, but I have not had one of those awful headaches since. Kruschen suits me better than any other remedy. I find it very good."—(Mrs.) L. A. W.

Blinding headaches can nearly always be traced to impurities in the system, which accumulate and poison the blood. The six salts in Kruschen stimulate the internal organs to healthy regular action so that all poisons and waste matter are completely expelled. Your inside is kept clean and serene. Result—goodbye to headaches, to that sallow complexion, to that lack-lustre eye. Your system never "stales" to Kruschen Salts. There is never any need for increased doses. When your headaches are gone, the "little daily dose" is all you will need to keep you regular.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all good chemists and stores.

Cough nearly ruined her career

Periodical attacks of cough which seriously interfered with her work, nearly ended her career as a school teacher —until she used Kaspho Cough-Cure Tablets. Kaspho being compounded of Vasaka and other powerful ingredients, has the property of reaching the root cause of cough. It stimulates the flow of normal throat secretions, loosens phlegm, clears the respiratory passages and in a short time removes the infection and banishes cough permanently.

Kaspho
This handy bottle can slip easily into your purse.
COUGH-CURE TABLETS
AYURVEDASHRAM PHARMACY LTD., AHMEDNAGAR

60,000 BAGS OF WHEAT ARRIVE FROM SIND.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 12, 2002.
Muslim: Shabban 25, 1365.
Parsi: Behman 25, 1315.
Sunrise: 6-13 a.m. Sunset: 7-17 p.m.
Hightide: 09-40, 21-01.
Lowtide: 02-35, 15-26.
CORPORATION MEETING: 3-40 p.m. (S. T.).

Today's Engagements

STANDING COMMITTEE: Meeting at 3-30 p.m. (B. T.).

B. E. S. T. WORKERS UNION: Urgent meeting at Union premises at 9 p.m., today to consider Mr. Abidali's hunger-strike.

NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE: Address by Dr. Syud Hossain, Chairman National Committee for India's freedom in America, in Dhanraj Hall at 3 p.m.

MAZDAZNAN: Today, at 6 p.m., at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road. Special lecture on "Health and Breath Culture".

PENSION FUND: Shankerbhai J. Patel a member of the Bank of Bombay Officers' Pension and Guarantee Fund requests all the members pensioned or serving to gather strong at the Annual General Meeting of the Fund in the Imperial Bank premises at 3-15 p.m., on Thursday, the 25th instant, and support him in his endavours to get War and Dearness Allowance for pensioned members of the Fund and also to get the management of the Fund improved.

AKHIL KANWA BRAHMIN SABHA: At a meeting of the Managing Committee of the above Sabha held at Bhatwadekar's Chawl, Grant Road yesterday under the presidentship of Dr. L. H. Patil, it was decided that 15 students of the Kanwa community be given scholarships with a view to popularise education in the community. Accordingly students from various places such as Indore, Poona, Nasik, Sholapur and other cities who had already applied to the Sabha were given scholarships for a year.

FRIENDS OF THE SOVIET UNION: Sjt. R. M. Jambhekar General Secretary of the ALL-INDIA FRIENDS OF THE SOVIET UNION, will speak in Marathi on "SOVIET UNION AND EUROPE" today (Thursday) at 9 p.m. at the Orient High School, Lady Jamshedji Road, Admission will be by passes.

TO FELICITATE SJT. S. K. PATIL: Under the auspices of several organisations of Harijans in the City there will be a meeting at Jinnah Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaum, Bombay, today (Thursday) at 7 P.M. (ST). to felicitate Sjt. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.

CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY "C" WARD OFFICE: The "C" Ward Office of the Congress Socialist Party has been opened at 83 C. P. Tank, Top Floor, Near Madhav Baug. The office will remain open from 8 A.M. to 10 A.M. and 7 P.M. to 10.30 P.M. Telephone No. 23018.

HARIJAN SEVAK SANGH: A free cultural film show of 'Sant Sakhu' has been arranged for Harijan women and children at 9-30 A.M. today at Krishna Talkies, (through the good offices of M/s. Indian Motion Picture Producers Association and donated by Messrs. Famous Pictures and Krishna Talkies).

VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE: Dr A. Brandt's lecture on "TESTING TEMPERAMENT & DISPOSITION" at Saboo Siddik Technical Institution, Shepherd Rd., Byculla, Mr. Syed Nurullah will preside. Today at 6 p.m.

City Fathers Honour D. V. Pradhan's Memory

The Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation adjourned on Wednesday as a mark of respect to the memory of Mr. D. V. Pradhan, who was a member of the Standing Committee and a Municipal Councillor for the last seven years. Mr. Dayabhai V. Patel, Chairman, moved the condolence resolution and councillors and the acting Municipal Commissioner, Mr. N. V. Modak associated themselves with the tribute paid by the chairman.

Silver Casket For Somani

An address on Silver Casket on behalf of the staff of the Shree Niwas Cotton address on Silver Casket on behalf of the staff of the Shree Niwas Cotton Mills Ltd. was presented to Mr. Banshidhar Somani on the eve of his departure to Europe and America. More than 300 persons were present and garlanded him profusely.

Mr. Somani is leaving for Karachi enroute to Europe by air on Friday morning.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

THURSDAY, July 25.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Keep Fit; 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Shirikant Thakre (Violin) 8-45 Mukta Vaidya 9-0 Gokulibai Kakodkar.

12-0 p.m. Vanita Mandal (M) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Marathi Selections 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4-20 School Broadcast (G & K) 5-0 Shreekant Thakre (Violin) 5-15 Children's Half-Hour 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Music from Film 6-30 Tarabai Bharatpuri 6-45 Sudheer Phadke 7-0 "Sabha Pati" 7-30 Dattoba Tawde 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Pushtak Parichaya (Talk in Gujarati by Murli Thakur) 8-45 Kavita Vachan 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Commentary on sports by A. F. S. Talyarkhan 10-0 Esther Trindade: Pianoforte 10-15 Interlude 10-30 Margaret Wate: Soprani 10-40 Interlude.

Future Of Cotton Floor And Ceiling Prices

BOMBAY, July 24, (A. P. I.): The question of increase in the floor and ceiling prices of cotton for the 1946-47 season or their abolition will be the subject of discussion at the forthcoming monsoon meeting of the Indian Central Cotton Committee in Bombay.

The Committee will hold its meetings from July 29 to August 3.

Miss Madiman Re-admitted

Miss Subhsila Madiman has been readmitted to the Wilson College.

A meeting of the Wilson College students was held on Tuesday in the college where the following resolution was passed:—

This meeting of the students of Wilson College congratulates Mis Subhila Madiman on her readmission to the Sr. M. A. class back again in her old college.

This meeting recognises that her readmission is a vindication of the rights of all students to carry on normal political activity in schools and colleges.

M.Sc. (Papers) Results

NOS.: 56, 57, 59 and 60, whose results were postponed, have passed the M.Sc., (by papers) Examination.

MODERNISATION OF DOCK AREAS

B.P.T. Chief's Assurance To Shipowners

A deputation of the West Coast of India Sailing Ship Owners' Association, Bombay led by Mr. Abdul Rehman Mohamed Yusuf, Vice-Chairman of the Association, Mr Ibrahim A. Mulla, Honorary Secretary and Mr. N. C. Sole waited on Sir B. Rama Rau, Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust, on Wednesday in connection with the scheme of modernisation of the dock areas and diverting the country-craft traffic to Haji and Hay Bunders.

The deputationists placed before Sir B. Rama Rau their views regarding the disadvantages and inconveniences which the Association apprehended would be the result of such diversion of the country-craft from Malet Basin, a central place in the Dock area, which is at present used by the sailing ships for loading and unloading cargo.

The chairman gave a very patient hearing to the deputationists and assured them that the Port Trust had embodied in their scheme such facilities as the country-craft had never enjoyed before by providing in the scheme at Haji, Hay and Powder Bunders covered storage accommodation, adequate facilities with rail connections and cargo handling equipments which at present are not available to the country crafts. He added that the depth of water would be sufficiently improved for all types of sailing vessels to come alongside. He further assured the deputationists that the Port Trust had not overlooked any possible facilities which could be given under the scheme to remove the present hardships of the sailing vessels plying in Bombay docks.

Sardar's Assurance To E. Africa Indian Deputation

BOMBAY, July 24, (U.P.I.): A deputation consisting of Sheth Huseinbhoy Lalljee and Sheth Dawood Hajee Nasser of the Africa and Overseas Merchants' Chamber and Messrs. S. T. Thakore and R. B. Pandya representing the East African Indian National Congress, waited upon Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel today when they acquainted him with the difficulties and grievances of Indians in East Africa and the representations made by them on the question in various quarters in India.

The Sardar gave a sympathetic hearing to the deputation and assured them of his support to the Indian demand for the withdrawal of the proposed Immigration Bill. It is understood that the deputation will shortly see the Congress President, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, with a view to bring the matter before the next session of the Congress Working Committee due to meet in Wardha on August 8.

SALES TAX AND NEWSPAPERS

Sheth Delegation Pleads For Exemption

A deputation consisting of Messrs. Amritlal D. Sheth of "Janmabhoomi", A. R. Bhat of "Kesari", Poona and H. R. Moharay of "Samyukta Karnatak" of Hubli, met Mr. Vaikunthbhai L. Mehta, Finance Minister, Government of Bombay, in his office at Poona on Monday and requested him to exempt newspapers from the operation of the Sales Tax on the following grounds:—

Our people are getting newspaper minded for the purpose of information and education, and if newspapers are not exempted from the operation of the sales tax they are likely to increase price so that the sales tax would deprive the commoner of his ready and cheap means of education.

Excepting roughly a dozen newspaper concerns of the province the average newspaperman belongs to the middle class intelligentia who was struggling for existence till now. He has now improved his lot slightly. Just then comes the tax. It would be hard for him to live if he does not raise his newspaper price. If he does he is in the danger of losing his customers. He therefore deserves protection in the form of exemption from the sales tax.

Newspapers are comparatively a small trading community and could hardly provide any appreciable income. They could therefore be exempted without much affecting the sales tax collections.

Even the Governments of the Punjab and Bengal have exempted newspapers.

Madras has not exempted newspapers because the trading community of Madras are not so numerous and well to do as that of Bombay, Madras therefore could not afford to let go even small revenues from newspapers which Bombay could do without much difficulty.

The Finance Minister gave a patient hearing to the deputation and promised to place the matter before his colleagues for consideration.

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FAZALBHOY TRADING COMPANY (South India Agency) LTD., Rickie Mansion, Loose Square, Broadway, Madras. Managing Agents: Messrs. Harska (Madras) Ltd.,

FAZALBHOY TRADING COMPANY (Hyderabad & Andhra Agency) LTD., Secunderabad. Managing Agents: Messrs. The Metropolitan Industrial Trading Co. Ltd.

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American Tool & Equipment Company
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X'Ray Products Corporation
Glenn Roberts Co.
Selenium Corporation of America
Kawneer Company
Lionel Essex International Corpn.
Leader Electric Mfg. Co.
The Hotstream Heater Co.
Sedgwick Machine Co. Inc.
The Sheffield Corporation
Sloan Valve Company.
Technical Products Co.
Welden Tool Company.
The Denison Engineering Co.
The Nurre Companies Inc.
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Store Fronts
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Fluorescent Fittings & Fixtures
Hot Water Heaters
Elevators, Dumb Waiters, Roto Waiters, etc.
Precision Tools
Flush Valves, Water Closets and Sanitary fittings, etc.
Thermometers, and measuring instruments, electronic timing devices, etc.
Machine Tools
Hydrolic Presses, Hydraulic Fluid, Motors etc.
Mirrors
Glassware
Rustmaster, Leakmaster, and Sixmaster, (automobile chemicals)
Rat-Roach Exterminators
Bonded Lead Pencils
United States Electric Mfg. Corp.
Robbins & Myers Inc.
Consolidated Machinery & Supply Co.
Heath Company
York Chemical Company
Kromex Sales Co.
Allied Plastics
Aladdin Industries
Simplex Time Recorder Co.
Trimz Co. Inc.
Paul Pumps Inc.
Pelkman Bros. Ltd.
Hanson & Edwards Ltd.
Pressed Steel Co. Ltd.
Welwyn Metal Products Ltd.
Ablatsan Manufacturing Co.
Steels' Engineers, Sunderland
Cyclo Chemicals Ltd.
B. N. Furmon
Fashene Limited
Manufacturers Facilities Ltd.
Multishave Limited.
Popler Glass Works Ltd.
A. J. Lamman & Co.
The British Surgical & Drug Co. Ltd.
Davies & Long Limited
Don Juan International Corpn.
Batteries & Flashlights
Fane
Comet Radial Power Saws Comet Timber Cutters & Drive & Wood Working Machinery
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Insect Spray
Kitchenware
Plastic Novelties
Vacuum Flasks
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"Flaroma", Cosmetics
Catering Machines
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Toilet Preparations
Shoe Creams, Shoe Polishers, etc.
Printed Tins, Cardboard Cartoons, etc.
Razors, Blades, etc.
Glass Bottles, etc.
Toilet Perfumes
Pharmaceutical Preparations and Surgical Instruments
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THE COW

O Cow whose patient hours are spent,
In cropping grass and munching hay,
whose peaceful gaze is homeward bent,
As nears the close of every day.
That shiny nose, those languid eyes,
Inspire awe though never dread,
What wonder, then, that such small flies
Could cause the toss of that great head!
That low and uncomplaining tone,
Bespeaks the oppression of thy race.
O Cow, if more resembled thee
This world would be a better place!

LEENA GLACKENS. June 22, 1926.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"Ours is not a drive for power, but purely a non-violent fight for India's independence. The Congress is unconcerned as to who will rule when freedom is attained. The power, when it comes, will belong to the people of India, and it will be for them to decide to whom it should be entrusted. A non-violent soldier of freedom will covet nothing for himself; he fights only for the freedom of the country."

—Mahatma Gandhi.

The Bombay Chronicle

HYDERABAD REFORMS

The scheme of constitutional reforms announced by H. E. H. the Nizam's Government, if offered a decade ago, would probably have been welcomed by the State's people as an instalment of a scheme leading up soon to responsible Government. Today, "after all that the people of India, including the States, have suffered in the war for democracy and freedom, the scheme will not evoke much enthusiasm though it has some useful promising features with regard to the methods of representation. The main features of the scheme are that there is not to be even partially responsible Government that there is to be an elected majority in the Legislative Assembly and that there will be parity between Hindus and Muslims. It appears that, as in most other States, the Legislature has very limited powers. And as regards the Executive H. E. H. the Nizam has expressed his intention to appoint as soon as possible two elected members of the Assembly, one Hindu and one Muslim, as members of the Executive Council". It is only an act of associating representatives of the people with the Nizam. These members have very limited powers and they are not at all responsible to the Legislature. This is no democracy at all, and even as an instalment, this part of the scheme is disappointing.

It is something that there is to be an elected majority of members in the Legislatures. The Legislative Assembly consists of 132 members, of whom 76 will be elected, 43 nominated and 13 will be appointed members. Out of the 119 elected and nominated members of the Assembly, there will be 58 Hindus, 58 Muslims, 2 Christians and 1 Parsee. But the details of representation suggest that it will be extremely difficult for the Assembly to assert itself against the Executive. One of the features of the representation is the communal parity between Hindus and Muslims and this feature takes away not a little of the advantage of the non-communal method of representation through agricultural, commercial and other professional interests. When the Hindus constitute an overwhelming majority in the State to give them parity with Muslims who form only about 10 per cent of the population is to throw to the wind all canons of representation. It is unreasonable to justify it on the plea of "historical importance", as that would stabilise for all time certain accidents of the past. Democracy, fairness and every sound principle of politics require that all the citizens who maintain the State shall be regarded as equals. To favour Muslims on the plea of "religious affinity" with the ruling dynasty is an undemocratic principle the working of which may lead to serious consequences.

We must concede that the system of joint electorates, though vitiated by certain details, the method of functional representation through professions are some useful means of counteracting the influences of communal representation. We are sure that methods like these will commend themselves to the Constituent Assembly, which will doubtless influence the constitutions of the future all over India. The present scheme for Hyderabad is inevitably a transitional episode, a well-meant, though unsatisfactory experiment. In the peculiar circumstances of Hyderabad, it will be well for all the nationalists in the State so to work the new reforms as to enable the masses to be well-organised and politically conscious. When the masses are so organised it will not be at all difficult for them to come into their own.

Frankly Speaking

Drop It

Mr. Abidali Jafferbhoy's zeal for Labour welfare is well-known. He has fought and won many a battle in that cause by the well-tried method of organised agitation. Recently he has done very commendable work in organising clerks in banks and commercial firms. But in deciding to go on a hunger strike because of some dispute with the management of the India United mills he has allowed his zeal to get the better of his discretion. Apart from the merits of the dispute, we do want to emphasize the point that there are far more rational and far more permanently effective methods of settling such disputes satisfactorily. They are likely to be more effective today in India than they have been at any time. They may demand prolonged organised efforts of many persons. But they are worth the trouble as the organisation resulting from these efforts will gain more and more strength as time passes; whereas settlements brought about by individuals' fasts often lead to speedy reaction against the coercive element in a fast. We trust other Labour leaders and workers interested in the dispute and Labour welfare in general will promptly persuade Mr. Abidali to give up his fast and join them in pursuing the normal Trade Union methods in ending the dispute in question.

Mill Management's Duty

While we cannot support Mr. Abidali in his decision to go on a hunger strike, there is little doubt that the authorities of the India United Mills erred in suddenly dispensing with the services of the Vice-President of the Mill Union in a manner that was calculated to create the suspicion that he was being victimized for taking part in legitimate union activities. It is too late in the day for any employer to resent his employees from organizing themselves into a trade union or to seek to suppress their union by illegitimate methods and we trust the Bombay Millowners' Association will see that no mill in Bombay resorts to such tactics which, in the long run, will harm the industry itself more than the men who work for it. We trust the India United Mills authorities will reconsider the decision and by withdrawing the notices served on the Vice-President of the Union and other employees bring about a satisfactory end to an unnecessary and unhappy dispute.

Prohibition

While the Muslim League Party opposed almost every demand made by the Bombay Government in the Assembly on Tuesday, a pleasant contrast was afforded by the Party's unanimous and enthusiastic support to the Government's policy of prohibition. That should hearten the Government to formulate a plan soon, though it may have to be spread over a reasonable period. The chief difficulty in sudden prohibition is the premium it puts on illicit distillation. But Government can get over it not only by spreading the plan over some years but also by building up, during the period, a trained organisation to cope with the evil. This requires considerable co-operation from the people but Government will not fail to get this when both the major communities support prohibition.

Resettling I. N. A. Men

Officers and men of the Indian National Army are out of employment, have otherwise suffered and are suffering, all because of patriotism. This truth cannot be too much emphasized. India and its people, therefore, owe them an obligation, the obligation to do whatever is possible to relieve them of their economic difficulties and to settle them in life as deserving citizens. With this end in view the Congress Working Committee took upon itself in December last the task of organising relief, both immediate and long-range. As the appeal just issued by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel shows, the preliminary work has been completed and a well-planned and effective organisation has been created, which covers the entire country. But the main and material work has yet to be done. It is the work of resettling the men—most of the officers can look after themselves but the thousands of ordinary personnel, military and civil are an obligation and an urgent national obligation.

A National Obligation

As the appeal says: "Apart from the immediate demands for help, the main problem is the absorption of these men in productive undertakings. In particular, we want to engage them in small-scale industrial and co-operative enterprises. This will be beneficial both to them and to the nation." There could be no better or useful plan. "But this will require considerable sums of money." And, as the appeal points out further, money will also be required for helping dependants of those who are dead or are permanently disabled and for educating their children. The task is as big as it is noble and it deserves the fullest and most generous support of all those Indians who, no matter what their political preferences, value patriotism. To help the I.N.A. men is, we repeat, to discharge a national obligation.

James Maxton

James Maxton, the leader in Parliament, and for long President of the British Independent Labour Party, was a unique man in his greatness. It is given to few to command genuine respect and affection even from his worst opponent. Maxton, who was in the negligible minority of three in the House, did. Today he will be deeply and sincerely mourned, almost as a personal loss, by every one of those who used to be the subject of his eloquent denunciation. He minced no words and spared none from Labour imperialist to the Tory imperialist. But his denunciation had moral and intellectual honesty which his victims never doubted. His was true greatness because, a Socialist and champion of true freedom for all, he stood by his principles uncompromisingly and at any cost. No expediency was allowed to compromise them at any time and in any circumstances. That was why he was opposed to the Labour Party as well as to the Tories. That was why he did not like the Communists. That was why he was openly doubtful of the claims made on behalf of the last "democratic" war against Nazism and Fascism and was a firm enemy of colonialism in any form or on any excuse. He truly represented, and did not merely profess, the brotherhood of man, white, black and brown. India has reason to mourn his death because he was a special friend of this country and consistently rendered, along with Fenner Brockway, valuable service to our national cause.

Betraying Libya

Reuter has given an outline summary of the terms of the Treaty for Italy which the Council of Foreign Ministers agreed upon in its recent sessions at Paris. Its armed forces, naval, military and air, have been drastically reduced and it has been stripped of much of its unlawfully acquired gains. Italy will have to pay reparations, although it is a moot question whether the demand is not rather heavy. In short, retribution is to be exacted from Italy for crimes for which Italy richly deserves punishment. But in one and, from our point of view, the most important, respect the conditions of the Treaty are deplorable, indeed, an outrage. Italy is to recognise the sovereignty and independence of Albania and Ethiopia and to renounce all rights under the mandate system, which, we suppose, means renunciation of the Dodecanese. All this is as it should be. But we do not find any mention of the Italian "Colony" of Libya. There have been talks of restoring it, in another hypocritical guise, to Italy and at least three of the Big Four Foreign Ministers are known to favour this restoration in varying degrees of intensity. Such restoration will be a betrayal of the Arabs who have suffered brutal agonies under Italian imperialism. It will also be a betrayal of justice, democracy and political morality. And it will not be accepted by the Arab world, the stand of which by Libyan Arabs is supported by non-White Africa and all Asia.

India Saved Defeat

The second Test match between India and England at Old Trafford, Manchester, ended in a thrilling draw. The tourists managed to escape defeat by the skin of their teeth. It stands to the credit of S. W. Sohoni and D. D Hindlekar that they managed to keep their ends up till the last. If either of them had succumbed to the blandishments of the English bowlers and encirclement by their fielders, India would have lost ingloriously. The result is, however, far from satisfactory. It must be freely acknowledged that the honours of the contest went to Walter Hammond and his mates, who outclassed the visitors in every department of the game. But for the gallant last wicket stand by Sohoni and Hindlekar, and of the brave efforts of Vijay Hazare and Rusi Modi earlier, England would have won the battle by a big margin.

It is a pity that the fine start which Vijay Merchant and Mushtaq Ali gave the tourists by their splendid batting was lost by experienced batsmen like Pataudi himself. Hazare and Amarnath throwing away their wickets in the manner they did. The only relieving feature of the contest was the magnificent bowling by Amarnath and Vinoo Mankad, which saved India from disgrace.

Backward Class Department

(By Laxmidas M. Shrikant, M.L.A.)

It was in the year 1932, that the Criminal Tribes Settlement Officer was styled as the Backward Class Officer and the Backward Class Branch was added on to his department in pursuance of the recommendations of the Depressed Classes and Aboriginal Tribes Committee—better known as the Starte Committee, as Mr. Starte presided over it—which was appointed in November 1928 and which submitted its report in March 1930.

This was the first survey of the problems of the Depressed Classes (now known as the Scheduled Castes and not "Classes") and the aboriginal tribes of the province of Bombay.

Similarly in the province of Madras, the Labour Commissioner was entrusted with the welfare work among the depressed classes and the aboriginal tribes.

Thus the problem of the depressed classes was given a place of second rate importance and that of the aboriginal tribes much inferior place in the Government departments.

PROBLEM OF ABORIGINALS.

It will be quite plain to any one who goes through the report of the Starte Committee how curiously the problem of the aboriginal tribes is treated therein, though the population of the respective three main divisions of the backward classes is as follows:—

	Scheduled castes.	Aboriginal tribes.	Other backward classes.	Total
	18,55,148	16,14,298	15,27,476	49,96 922
P. C. of the total population.	8.89	7.74	7.32	23·95

The other recommendation of the Starte Committee of creating a Backward Class Board was accepted by Government at a later stage. But it is very curious to find that today in 1946 four different types of work not analogous to one another have been entrusted to this Backward Class Department: (1) Criminal Tribes Settlement Branch, (before 1932); (2) Backward Classes Branch (in 1932); (3) Juvenile Branch (work under Childrens' Act in 1934); and (4) Beggary Branch work under Beggars' Act in 1946. The work of the Criminal tribes and their settlement were the initial stages of this department. The latest addition is Beggary which is quite dissimilar to all the other three types of work. All these branches of work, though supervised by the Backward Class Officer, are under different heads of the Secretariat, the Home, Revenue and General Departments.

Mr. Symington's report on the Aboriginal and the Hill tribes of the Bombay Province is a landmark in the history of the aboriginal tribes. It was published during the regime of the popular Congress Ministry, though the inquiry was entrusted to and carried on by Mr. Symington before the advent of the Ministry.

The report brought the question of the aboriginal tribes to the foretront both for the public and the Government which wanted to take advantage of the invidious and mischievous sections 91 and 92 of the Government of India Act dealing with the arbitrary divisions of "Excluded" and "Partially Excluded" areas of India. As the Congress Ministry was of a short duration the Governor's rule under Section 93 gave ample opportunity to the reactionary bureaucracy to try to create and perpetuate separatist tendencies among the aboriginal tribes. It was during the Section 93 regime that the welfare work among the aboriginal tribes of the Partially Excluded area of West Khandesh and Thana was shunted off from Backward Class Department to the Revenue Department which has been traditionally known for its autocratic and dilatory tactics much to the detriment of the interest of the aborigines.

Now that the popular Ministry has again stepped in, my suggestion is that the Government scheme for the welfare of the aborigines should be executed and supervised by the Backward Class Department.

NEED TO OVERHAUL DEPARTMENT.

In order that the Backward Class Department may be able to do this increased work efficiently, the Government should take away from it atleast two different heavy branches of work i.e. (1) the Juvenile branch, and (2), the Beggary branch, which may be entrusted to another Officer, as these two branches will have more extensive and heavy work in future.

The problem of aboriginal tribes of the province now needs more attention both from Government and the public if they and the tracts inhabited by them are to be brought in line with others in a measurable distance of time. They have been neglected for centuries and their educational, economic, social and cultural problems cannot brook any delay in tackling if the country is to advance towards its cherished goal of Independence. I am of opinion that for this purpose the non-official agencies of devoted and self sacrificing youths can alone do the pioneering work and yeoman service. The Government and its officers can only supplement the activities of such non-official agencies. The Backward Class Department office at Poona, housed as it is in a tin-shed will not fail to strike a casual visitor as to the importance Government attached to the department which is backward from all points of view.

As the work among the aboriginal tribes is likely to increase by leaps and bounds in future the seven officers now working under the Backward Class Office will not be able to cope with the work and they must be the right type of men selected for the work. The annual report of the working of the Backward Class Department for the year 1943-44 just published shows very little progress and, therefore, there is an urgent need for overhauling the department if it is to work systematically and more efficiently.

How Soviet Does It

VIENNA, July 24, (Reuter): The Soviet Administration of Zistersdorf oilfield—one of the formerly German—owned concerns in Austria taken over by the Soviet as reparations—today signed an agreement raising the workers' wages in some cases up to 82 per cent, granting longer holidays and equalising pay for men and women.

THAILAND'S FUTURE

SIAM—By Sir Josiah Crosby, (Oxford pamphlets on Indian Affairs, Oxford University Press).
(Reviewed by L. G. Khare).

Within the compass of thirty-two pages Sir Josiah Crosby gives us in this handy little volume an objective survey of a country whose political future ought to be bright and about the commercial and industrial development of which, there can be no doubt unless it becomes the cat'spaw of imperialist ambitions of the two powers, France and Britain, both of which would like to keep it under their thumb. Siam or Thailand, as its people now choose to call their own land, has latterly been much in the news. Its boy king met a sudden death, its borders, abutting on French Indo-China, have been subject to military pin-pricks by the French. During the recent war its political chiefs had to do a lot of delicate rope-walking to keep their country as untroubled as possible by coming to some kind of understanding with Japan, which secured possession of administrators managed to keep friendly with the Allies.

In a historical survey short but packed with useful information, the author traces the history of the country from the fourteenth century when it was one of the most influential of south-eastern Asiatic States to the present day, when in 1932 the bloodless revolution of June 24th put an end to the system of absolute monarchy. The remarkable thing was that right from the 14th century "the legal, administrative and social systems of the Siamese were crystallized in a form which lasted until the close of the 19th century and which has survived in some respects to the present time."

LINK WITH INDIA

Sir Josiah Crosby knows his Siam, having spent 25 years in that country. He was British Minister at Bangkok, was interned by the Japanese and could return to England when an exchange of war-prisoners took place in 1932. He is definitely of the opinion that the Siamese have no quarrel with the British or Americans and have never shown any particular liking for the Japanese. It is the selfish attitude of the military clique which robbed the revolution of 1932 of its value. Siam remains to-day practically a dictatorship under Luang Pibul Songgram. There is no doubt, however, that the Siamese intellectuals may have a chance again, through sheer weight of popular opinion, to force the establishment of constitutional Government. The country is getting educated rapidly. The census of 1937 indicated a literacy of 31 per cent among the population which is slightly more than 15 millions. The Siamese army and the Air Force have been remodelled on western lines.

In ancient days India was linked to Siam by means of political and cultural ties. The Thai people "derived their religion, their culture and even the scripts in which they write from India." Indian colonists were firmly established in Siam in the middle ages but they gradually became absorbed by the indigenous population. It is possible, if the Governments of both countries are actively interested in the matter, to develop Indo-Siamese commercial relations. As the standard and quality of Indian manufacture gain in volume, this country will find a readier market for her wares in Thailand.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

Here are two ways of reporting facts:—

I

Khan Bahadur A. A. Khan went so far as to assert that every man from the Cabinet Minister to the man in the street should be prevented from drinking liquor and should be publicly flogged if they did so.

Premier Kher interrupting said that no member of his Cabinet could be held guilty of such a habit.

A. A. Khan: "I know that. No assurance on that point is necessary".

The "Bombay Chronicle".—

II

Mr. A. A. Khan said prohibition was needed not only for the man-in-the-street but also the men at the top.

Mr. Kher said that the present Cabinet Ministers did not drink.

Mr. Khan exclaimed that that assurance was not necessary.

—"Times of India".

★ ★ ★

A Scheduled Caste Satyagrahi, infiltrating into the Poona Council Chamber, shouted "Ambedkar Zindabad. Thode din me Bhim Raj".

To be achieved by high moral means as illustrated by Dr. Bhimrao Ambedkar's nobly indignant words uttered recently?

★ ★ ★

Apropos of a recent Poona report, a correspondent asks: "Do you know why Comrade M. N. Roy's Radical Democratic Party is—as it should be—supporting Dr. Ambedkar's Scheduled Caste Satyagraha?"

We do.

★ ★ ★

The Nawab of Mamdot has declared that in his opinion the speeches in the recent Commons debate have been very agreeably received by Muslims and that there will be no difficulty for the League Council in not reversing its original decision.

Hurray, hurray. (Our applause is addressed to us since we knew it).

But the Nawab might quite safely and without any fear of reprimand have added that the League would enter the Constituent Assembly on "certain obvious conditions". The phrase would have been usefully vague and characteristically wise.

★ ★ ★

The Indian Association of Tanganyika has declared that the Indians in Tanganyika are greatly opposed to any suggestion that Tanganyika should become a British colony instead of British Trusteeship under UNO.

But a conclusively democratic verdict has already been given in favour of the former. Hasn't the British Legislative Council of Kenya spoken clearly enough?

★ ★ ★

Speaking in the Commons on the Jerusalem explosion, Mr. Attlee said: "Of all the outrages in Palestine and they have been many and horrible in the last few months—this is the worst".

But nothing shall be allowed—let all be warned—to deter America and Britain (co-owners of Palestine with the Jews of Europe) from continuing to make "great progress" towards the —minor?—outrage of Zionising Palestine.

★ ★ ★

ITALY REDUCED TO A THIRD RATE POWER.

Draft Treaty Destroys Armed Might.

—Headlines.

So Italy does remain a third rate European Power.

Our Readers' Views

Abid Ali's Fast

Sir,—The General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has issued a statement giving vent to his indignation at Mr. Abid Ali Jafferbhai's fast in the Congress House premises. He says that Mr. Abid Ali was refused permission for the use of the Congress House for this purpose and implies that Congress discipline is involved in such conduct. The statement has pained me, as I am sure, it must have pained many other Congressmen in the city and elsewhere.

Being new in Congress politics Mr. Purushottam Thakkar does not seem to know that Mr. Abid Ali himself was General Secretary of the B.P.C.C. for years before Mr. Thakkar knew what the Congress is. Mr. Abid Ali is a veteran wedded to the Gandhian cult. He is independent, in the sense that he detests schismatic politics and refuses to play for power. I have known him now for two decades and have been colleague and co-worker with him. His sense of duty is only matched with his loyalty to the Congress and Gandhiji. All his public activities have been directed only towards strengthening the Congress. He has never undertaken any activity as a royal road to seats of position and pelf. The Congress has been his first love and is the last. There is no wonder therefore, that he has chosen the Congress House as the venue for his fast to get a public grievance redressed.

But what is intriguing is why the B.P.C.C. officials are so eager to disown Mr. Abid Ali and the cause he is advocating. Only the other day Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C., was worrying himself to death over the hunger strike of Mr. R. S. Nimbkar whose record of "service" to the Congress is an open book. Mr. Patil waxed eloquent about the Congress undertaking to fight for Mr. Nimbkar's cause and made daily and frequent visits to Mr. Nimbkar to persuade him to give up his hunger strike.

Does Mr. Patil think that Mr. Abid Ali is unworthy of Congress sympathy and support? Strange, indeed, are the ways of the offices of the B.P.C.C.!

A CONGRESSMAN.

Congress And Prohibition

Sir,—On going through the Election Manifesto of the Indian National Congress, a doubt had arisen whether Prohibition was no longer one of the main items of the Constructive Programme of the Congress, as Prohibition had not specifically been mentioned in that document. The Grand Chief Templar addressed a letter to the General Secretary, Indian National Congress for an authoritative statement on the subject, and the reply received is most heartening to all those who are eagerly looking forward to the introduction of Prohibition and much needed reforms for the effective control of the Drink and Drug traffic. An extract from the letter received in reply is appended for favour of publication as it would be in public interest.

"Prohibition has not been mentioned specifically in the Election Manifesto as it is one of the items of the eighteen-fold Constructive Programme laid down by Gandhiji and endorsed in our Manifesto. It is one of the basic programme of the Congress and during the last Congress Ministry days all the Provincial Ministries adopted this programme in spite of the loss in revenue. When the Congress will accept Ministry in the Provinces or the centre now, it will again carry out the programme of Prohibition There is no doubt about it."

L. SAYARAM,
Grand Secretary, Grand Lodge of Mysore & Hyderabad (Dn.)
Secunderabad.

Films and Religious Themes

Sir, It seems to have become a habit with our film producers to put on the screen famous Hindu religious epics. The latest specimen of this is Kurukshetra by Rameshwar Sharma. Despite his patriotic motives, it surpasses my understanding how any sensible film director could have the courage to exhibit before a discerning public such an unappealing and distorted picture. Apart from its technical imperfections, it is wounding to our felings to have Shri Krishna represented as an ugly, impulsive youth whose physiognomy would indicate that he had been fished up from the market place!

Originality is a commendable virtue but not at the expense of moral and religious susceptibilities. If we have no law to prevent the picturisation of religious epics, we must at least organise public opinion in such a way that no film producer has the temerity to prostitute our scriptures.

In the West, months and years are spent in research before difficult film production is undertaken, but in our country every "producer" thinks that as long as he has cameras, a sound studio and lights, he can plunge into any enterprise he chooses. This is all wrong and I would appeal to this august fraternity to wake up to the changing times before a long-suffering public compels them to retreat into their shells.

May I also address a word to our newspapers? It is no use blindly paying tributes to films and film producers. After all, in that way they help nobody. We would much rather that they gave accurate analysis even if that means fewer film producers and less jobs.

The truth must be told at any cost.

B. D. MOHINDAR.

Bombay

Muslim Trusts

Sir,—It seems to me that Mr. Moledina is mixing up issues and is trying to cause confusion in the eyes of the general Muslim public. He has deliberately failed to reply to the following issues raised in my letters from time to time.

1. How could the trusts which are earmarked for a particular sect and purpose be used for general Mussalmans? Neither the Legislatures nor the Government is entitled to meddle with the wishes of the donors according to the Government of India Act 1935 or Queen Victoria's Proclamation

2. How could the resources of the trusts which are not earmarked for educational purposes be pulled together for educational purposes as their funds are only sufficient to maintain them?

3. How could co-ordination of Muslim trusts check favouritism and stop haphazard distribution of trust income when some of those who will manage the co-ordinated trusts are not honest at all and will surely stoop low to fill their pockets and behave in no better way than the present trustees?

4. What is the claim of the general Mussalmans to rob these minority sect trusts towards which they have not subscribed a pie?

5. Have Sunnis sufficient funds in trust in proportion to their population or the co-ordination attempt is only meant to exploit the Shia minority sect's trusts?

Mr. Moledina has not paid a pie for these sectarian trusts and he is not entitled to speak for them with an intention to rob them. It is a canard of Mr. Moledina to say that there is a move to co-ordinate Ismaili Khoja charities. Such a move if at all started will be illegal and I shall be the first man to oppose it. The charities started by my families and myself are for my own sect and not for Shias in general and I have properly managed them according to the directions stated in their trust deeds. Nobody till this earth exists could bring about Shia-Sunni settlement and as divided we are since the beginning divided we shall remain till the end of this world. Mr. Moledina, if he wants to start a co-ordinated trust for Mussalmans, the right thing for him is to approach Mr. M. A. Jinnah and his Muslim League and request them to levy a tax of rupee one per annum on the shoulder each and every Muslim Leaguer. As Mr. Jinnah alleges to represent ten crores of Mussalmans and if his claim is not hollow but correct, he will get ten crores of rupees per annum in this way which he can co-ordinate for Muslim higher education as a trust and which will surely provide sufficient money for the education of all Mussalmans. However, if the Leaguers' claim is hollow, a year will ascertain to what extent the League represents the Muslim population as Independents and Congress Mussalmans may not subscribe for the League fund. If the League is unable to start the fund as above, it is better that Mr. Moledina should sit at home rather than fruitlessly attempt to pounce on the charitable trusts of the Muslim minority sects and make a laughing stock of himself as a busibody.

M. I. ROWJEE.

Indian Pharmaceutical Industry

Sir,—Your article on pharmaceutical industry is timely. I was fortunate to visit Park and Davis myself in Detroit (Michigan, U.S.A.) and the guide showed me the warehouses full of herbs of Indian origin. He admitted that all of these herbs came from India. The resources, experience, technical skill and market reputation of Park and Davis and other American manufacturers are such that if an Indian individual or Corporation would endeavour to use the raw materials and abundance of man-power, they will fail to compete with these colossal American concerns. It is only an Indian National Government who can hire foreign technical skill and organise these industries. We have a very fine example of our neighbour, the Soviet Union, whose experience and advice in developing our industry would be most useful. It is very fortunate that in addition to the manufacture of cars, tractors, aeroplanes, steam engines, etc., on mass production basis now, they are building ships to cross the Atlantic, Pacific and Indian oceans very shortly.

Possibly it is the function of United Nations Organization as a world Government to see that national resources of a certain section of the world are the natural inheritance of the local population of that Section and that the engineering and technical sections of U.N.O. are developed in order to equalise the standard of living of the whole world. Under such circumstances the nationalization of industry and utilizing our dollar credit would be the only way out. While it is true that due to malnutrition and famine many people die in India, it is also a fact although the public does not realise it, that due to lack of proper medicine premature death takes heavy toll of Indian lives. So the development of the pharmaceutical industry from the humanitarian points of view is also important.

It is an admitted fact that we are at the threshold of Indian industrialization. Nationalization seems to be the best course for the following reasons.

(1) As pointed out above, British as well as American industry is in the stage of monopoly. So new Indian industries would not be able to compete with them successfully.

(2) England herself is nationalising all the basic industries and other national economic enterprises. So, why should not we follow suit?

(3) In the capitalistic form of production there is no planned economy. A time comes when there is a surplus of goods, which results in shutting down of plants, low wages, unemployment, etc. So, we must use the principal production for consumption and not for profits. There should be planned national economy to avoid waste. If we need 100 shoes we will not manufacture 101, but only 100 shoes.

(4) It is the Socialist form of Society that can put 400 millions of people to work and believe me, when 400 million of people work under most modern technical lines the production would be enormous.

(5) The development of industries under a planned national system would be dynamic and would take but a few years, while development under individual capitalistic system would take centuries, as it did take place in western countries.

(6) The co-operation of foreign and Indian industrialists would be unthinkable, as under such conditions the people of India would greatly suffer.

(7) The profit of national industries would be used for the health and education of the nation's not in individual interests.

(8) In the co-operation form of Society there is no conflict and waste of energy due to friction between capital and labour, between capitalists and capitalists and between labour and labour.

(9) No exploitation of man by man. The worker will feel he is working for himself and thus his productive efficiency will go up.

S. A. WAHID.

Karachi.

Third Day Of Abid Ali's Fast

Congressmen And Trade Unionists Call At Congress House

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Mr. Abid Ali Jafferbhai, President of the India United Mills Salaried Staff Union, who undertook a fast on Monday evening as a protest against the dismissal of Mr. Bhimji, a member of the mills staff, and Vice-President of the Union, has entered the third day of his fast today. Mr. Abid Ali was cheerful and jovial when a reporter of this paper visited him this evening.

A number of Congressmen and Trade Union leaders are making enquiries about his health from time to time and have also requested him to give up his fast. A large number of workers of the India United Mills, and Finlay Mills, employees of J. J. Hospital, drivers and conductors of the B. E. S. T. Co. are pouring into the Congress House anxiously enquiring about the condition of Mr. Abid Ali. Mr. Abid Ali has issued strict instructions to all the workers not to stage any demonstration or to go on a sympathetic strike.

ABID ALI'S ASSURANCE TO B. P. C. C.

"I Will Be Last Person To Embarrass Congress"

BOMBAY, July 24. (A.P.I.): Mr. Abid Ali Jafferbhoy, Congress Labour Leader, who commenced a fast on July 22 in connection with the strike in the India United Mills, in a statement declares that his stay at the Congress House during the pendency of his fast will not hamper Congress work.

Mr. Abid Ali's statement is in reply to Mr. Purshottam Thakkar, Joint Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, who yesterday said that "there is bound to be no end to embarrassment and inconvenience to work at the Congress House if Mr. Abid Ali continued his fast at the Congress House".

In the statement, Mr. Abid Ali declares, "the statement issued by the Secretary of the B. P. C. C. has pained me and I wish that at least in such matters they should have taken a different attitude. However, I want to make it clear that the action taken by me is not in any way directed against the Congress and there is no complaint of any kind against any official of the Congress organisation. Being a Congressman and having a strong and honest feeling that whatever I have done so far in public life was in furtherance of the policy and programme of the Congress, I will be the last person to embarrass Congress work. While at the Congress House I shall do my best to see that the Congress work goes on unhampered.

"The place which I have selected for my stay during the fast period is away from the building where the main offices of the Congress are situated and, therefore, I am certain that there will not be any disturbance whatsoever.

ON SARDAR'S ADVICE

"As for Sardar Patel's advice, I am certain that on knowing my point of view, Sardar Saheb will endorse my action in selecting the Congress House for this purpose.

Several friends and Union workers are perturbed and agitated and are contemplating some action and demonstrations. I very strongly forbid any demonstration and request them all to continue their normal avocations as usual. I also very earnestly request them not to stage any demonstration at the Congress House. Friends are also requested not to come and visit me. This will save the Congress from the embarrassment and will also give me perfect peace.

"My decision has been taken after thorough, earnest and prolonged deliberations and is final. Therefore, I request friends and elders not to make any suggestion to alter my plans and save me from the torture of declining to honour their wishes".

R.I.N OFFICERS MAY GO OVER TO ROYAL NAVY

NEW DELHI, July 24. (A.P.I.): When the new constitution comes into force those regular British officers of the Royal Indian Navy or the Indian Army of 20 years' service or under at that date who do not wish to retain, will be entitled to apply for transfer to the Royal Navy and the British Army respectively, says a "communique".

Subject to their individual suitability they will be absorbed by those services to the maximum extent possible.

Those who cannot be so absorbed or who do not wish to transfer will be entitled to compensatory terms on retirement, as will also those officers of over 20 years' service who, on the introduction of the new constitution, do not wish to continue to serve in the Royal Indian Navy or the Indian Army or whom the new Indian Government do not wish to retain.

The above is a statement of agreed policy. It is unlikely that the detailed terms of transfer or of compensation will be published for some time.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, July 24.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors dol. 65-1/4.

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 44-5/8.

United States Steel Corporation dol 86-1/2.

United States Steel Pref. unquoted. —(Reuter).

MADRAS SHARE MARKET.

MADRAS, July 24.

Boom conditions prevail in the local market after an interval of one day. There was keen enquiry for Bank Shares and business was done at a higher level. Plantings were very firm. Coffee shares improved further. Textiles were buoyant and a large turnover took place at increased rates Further rises are not unlikely.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE.

CALCUTTA, July 24.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange today ruled firm and a very substantial business was put through all round.

Let Goans Fight For Civil Liberties First

SWARAJ SHOULD BE THE NEXT STEP, ADVISES GANDHIJI

Appeal To Different Parties To Unite Against Loyalists

PANCHGANI, July 24, (A.P.I.): "If the Goa Satyagraha movement is to succeed it should be conducted by Gomantakas on the clearest possible issue, that is, civil liberty; the larger question of Swaraj should await its attainment by the whole of India unless, of course, the Portuguese Government wisely come to terms with the inhabitants of the settlement through friendly negotiations", observes Mahatma Gandhi in a statement issued to-day on the Goa Satyagraha movement.

Goans Novices In Art Of Real Politics

Mahatma Gandhi in a statement says:

"Doctor A. G. Tendulkar, President, Goa Congress Committee, is the last one from Goa who has come to me with the latest news from the place. He tells me that there are several parties there working not necessarily for its inhabitants but for power. Yet at bottom the fight is good. He has produced voluminous papers in support of the statement that confusion reigns supreme in the minds of Goans correctly described as Gomantakas. This confusion is bad in that the inhabitants of this Portuguese possession are novices in the art of real politics. Its separate existence, it is clear, can only depend on the goodwill of the mighty British Government and the impotence of its Indian residents. It is, therefore, most essential for the success of the movement that it should be conducted by Gomantakas on the clearest possible issue, that is civil liberty. The larger question of Swaraj should await its attainment by the whole of India, unless, of course, the Portuguese Government wisely come to terms with the inhabitants of the settlement through friendly negotiations.

CONCENTRATE ON CIVIL LIBERTY

"It cannot be attained by any direct action of the citizens, whether violent or non-violent. In non-violent action, success is assured where every inhabitant is a hero ready to lay down his or her life. It is less to be thought of in Goa than in the more numerous and the better-seasoned and awakened British India. Therefore, the clearest possible issue of civil liberty must be kept steadily in view.

"The second condition of success is that the fight must be through non-violent and therefore also entirely by open means.

"Thirdly, there should be no parties struggling for attaining power and position. Where the goal and the means are common, different parties have no meaning.

CURB LOYALISTS

"On reading the literature I find two such persons called Loyalists, who have already made slavish declarations saying that nothing is wrong in Goa and that false agitation is being carried on by some mischievous persons. Let not the circle of these Loyalists grow larger. The best way to avoid this growth is for all parties to become one".

GOAN STUDENTS TO FACE RUSTICATION

Retaliatory Action Against Those Taking Part In Politics

BOMBAY, Wednesday. (A.P.I.): The heads of educational institutions in Goa have been ordered to rusticate for one year any student who takes part in the political agitation, according to information received here by the Goa Congress Committee. Some of the teachers have already been dismissed.

Mr. Bascar Bandare, who was arrested at Panjim on July 18, has now been transferred to Agoada Fort. He is to be tried for sedition by a military court.

Among others who are being detained by the police is a boy of 15 who was arrested when he refused to surrender to the police a Tricolour Flag which he was carrying.

ADJUDICATOR'S AWARD DEEMED UNSATISFACTORY

Postal Federation Decides On General Strike If Demands Not Considered

NEW DELHI, July 23. (A.P.I.): The General Council of the Federation of Post and Telegraph Unions, meeting this morning under the Chairmanship of Diwan Chaman Lall, expressed "deep appreciation" of Maulana Azad's offer and declared that the co-operation asked for by Maulana Azad from the Federation would always be available.

The Council authorised Mr. Lahiri Chaudhury, Vice-President, Dr. George Noronha, General Secretary and Mr. M. A. Jabbar, Member of the General Council to remain in constant touch with Pandit Nehru, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

Meanwhile, the General Council went ahead with preparations for a strike pending further developments. The General Council passed the following resolutions:

"The Council has been in constant session for several days examining minutely the award given by the Adjudicator and has come to the unanimous decision that the award is unsatisfactory and that the Council must press the administration to grant immediately further relief which it calculates amounts to Rs. one crore and 56 lakhs for the ensuing period of six months in addition to the sums granted by the Adjudicator. The Council resolves that if this demand, which is fair, just and moderate in view of the tremendous rise of the cost of living, is not considered it will have no other alternative but to issue a directive to all its units within 24 hours to go on strike throughout India. Till such a directive is issued, however, no member of the Federation is to take action individually.

"The federation resolves that in case the administration's reply is unsatisfactory the strike will begin from midnight July 25/26. It further declares that Mahatma Gandhi's instructions regarding non-violence must be strictly adhered to and that this matter is of paramount importance.

"The Federation directs every centre throughout India to proceed to form Strike Committees and empower such committees headed by local secretaries to take whatever peaceful action is necessary in furtherance of the cause entrusted to them by the Federation. It further directs that Provincial Strike Committees consisting of responsible members of the federating units should be set up forthwith at Provincial Headquarters.

"In view of the fact that the strike will result in a complete breakdown of communications and of the impossibility of local or provincial units being able to contact the Sub-Committee consisting of Mr. Lahiri Chaudhury, Dr. Noronha and Mr. M. A. Jabbar, a great responsibility will rest upon the shoulders of local and provincial strike committees and it is, therefore, necessary that the most responsible and tried leaders should be entrusted with the task of conducting the strike."

Bombay Postal Union General Meeting

An extraordinary general meeting of the Bombay Postal Union was held at the Brahamin Sabha Hall, Girgaon, Mr. M. N. Talpade President of the union presiding.

Mr. Talpade explaining the legality of the strike notice said that the notice sent by the Federation on the 23rd February 1946 still holds good. The notice was only suspended since the Government decided to have it placed before the Adjudication to decide the issue. The award is now before them.

As the award, the President said, did not even come to the minimum demand and from the point of view of high cost of living they have decided to form a Committee of action. Their demand was 1 crore and 66 lakhs. The Union also decided to follow the advice given by Diwan Chimanlal. Accordingly a resolution was passed putting forth their demands and to call upon the strike tomorrow the 25th midnight for a total country-wide strike.

Mr. Pitkar Chairman of the Bombay Postal Union who spoke on the anomalies of the award proposed the immediate formation of Volunteer Brigade to organise and carry out non-violent strike till their full demand is conceded. There will be a huge procession marching from the gate of the G. P. O. at 12 midnight.

History Of "August Revolution"

Pandit Madan Mohan Upadhyaya, member A.I.C.C., who is compelling detailed history of the "August Revolution" and proposes to get it published on the 9th August 1946, writes:—

"The history of the "August Revolution of India" is one which is of prime interest not only to every Indian but even to foreigners specially students of history and international politics.

I am very particular to make it authentic, detailed and popular. It not going to be of passing interest but of lasting historical value. I would draw the attention and interest of all my comrades individually and various public institutions such as Congress Committees and Youth Organisations to send all information in this connection to Mr. R. S. Vidyarthi, M.A. LL.B., Anand Math, Meerut, who is assisting me in the compilation of this work. Since it is not possible to approach every personally hence I am issuing this press —statement and feel confident that every one will extend full co-operation with me.

ATOMIC CONTROL

Soviet Rejects U. S. Proposals

NEW YORK, July 24. (APA): M. Andrei Gromyko Russia's permanent representative on the Security Council of the United Nations Organisation today flatly rejected the United States proposals for the control of atomic energy.

M. Gromyko, speaking at a closed session of the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission's Committee No. 2, specifically turned down the United States proposal for setting up an Atomic Development Authority and for ruling out the veto on Atomic matters.

He made clear that his government was rejecting "as a whole or in any part" the third memorandum submitted by Mr. Bernard Baruch the U. S. Delegate. The memorandum summed up all the principal points of the United States plan.

UNDER-WATER TEST OF ATOM BOMB TODAY

Aboard U.S.S. Appalachian outside Bikini Lagoon July 24. (Reuter):

Admiral William Blandy announced today after a last minute conference with weather experts that the first underwater test of Atomic Bomb will be carried out on Thursday morning local time (tonight GMT), as scheduled although "weather is none too good."

NEW YORK, July 24 (Reuter): Vice Admiral Blandy, Commander of the United States Atomic Task Force, announced yesterday that the underwater atomic bomb test would be held as arranged at 9.35 P.M. G.M.T. today (03-05 A.M. (IST). tomorrow) according to the New York Radio.

La Paz Returns To Normal

30,000 Watch Victims' Funeral Procession

LA PAZ (Bolivia), July 24, (Reuter): A crowd of 30,000 silently watched the funeral procession to-day of the victims of the five-day revolution.

A long line of coffins carried by students and draped with the national flag passed through the streets over a distance of two miles from the University building to the cemetery.

The city is now back to normal except that students are temporarily directing traffic.

RUSSO-AMERICAN CLASH IN JAPAN

TOKIO, July 24, (Reuter): Lieutenant-General K. N. Derevyanko, the Soviet Member of the Four-Power Allied Control Council for Japan, clashed with the Council's American Chairman Mr. George Atcheson, today over a Soviet recommendation for confiscation of all Fascist, Militaris, and anti-Allied publications in Japan.

General Derevyando described Mr. Atcheson's comments on the proposal as a "pseudo-democratic stand" and as being "as far from democratic practice as heaven is from earth".

Mr. Atcheson's case was that the question had previously been raised by the Soviet delegate.

Mr. Atcheson said: "We granted the Japanese the fundamental rights of freedom of thought and speech. To employ Nazi-like methods of suppression for the sake of destroying a few stray copies of "Mein Kampf" would be to vitiate those rights and sacrifice that principle for no practical gain".

INQUIRY INTO RATLAM FIRING

(From Our Correspondent.)

RATLAM, July 24.

The Maharaja of Ratlam has promulgated an official order containing the following announcement:

(1) The appointment of an impartial gentleman having the status and qualification of a High Court Judge of British India to inquire into the recent firing and other incidents.

(2) Withdrawal of Sec. 144.

(3) Release of all prisoners arrested in connection with recent troubles.

(4) Compensation for stoppage and early reopening of Sajjan Mills and

(5) Lifting of ban on Mazdoor Sabha.

Consequent to this announcement the complete and total hartal prevailing in the city has been called off and situation is restored to normal.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mahatma Gandhi have been informed about all developments.

Anti-Corruption Branch For City

Mr. Mirza Akhtar Hasan then moved his cut motion against a demand for Rs. 72,600 under the head "police" for setting up an anti-corruption branch in the Bombay City.

Mr. Hasan moving the motion said that he was in full agreement with the Government's objective of purifying the administration but warned against the people being allowed to exploit this department for their personal grievances against persons in the Government service. He stated that it had to be remembered that the man who gives a bribe is as much guilty as the man who receives it.

Mr. Hassan was supported in his motion by three other Muslim Leaguers who said that they did not expect the anti-corruption unit to go much headway towards removing corruption as its staff came from the Police who were known to be corrupt themselves.

MORARJI'S REPLY

Mr. Morarji Desai in his reply stated that it was not the Government's intention to extend protection to public giving bribe indefinitely. As soon as testimony came forward that the services had reached a standard of honesty and efficiency this protection would be removed.

Mr. Desai did not believe that low salaries were the only cause of corruption. Corruption prevailed, he said, because people lacked moral character which could prevent them from falling prey to temptations. People in Govt. services, he said, could not expect a better standard of life than that of the people in the same class in the public.

The Home Minister had not concluded when the House rose for the day.

Palestine Outrage Death Roll Reaches 53

White Paper Discloses Evidence Which Led To Raid On Jewish Agency Headquarters In June

JERUSALEM, July 24 (Reuter).—As bulldozers, winches, pickaxes and spades clawed into the wreckage of the south-west corner of King David Hotel today, revised official figures gave the total casualties as 166—52 dead, 42 injured and 72 still missing.

In another intact part of the Hotel, now taken over as Government offices, civil servants were busy sorting out files of various departments salvaged from the debris. Rescue squads are carefully preserving every scrap of paper retrieved for civilian staff to handle.

Gen. Sir Alan Cunningham, High Commissioner for Palestine, accompanied by the Chief Secretary, Sir John Shaw, paid a visit to the wreckage and spoke to the engineer major in charge of rescue work.

All through night diggers worked under the glare of searchlights to locate and extricate bodies buried underneath the debris. Early today the body of a British Army private was discovered.

HE SURPRISED TERRORISTS

Capt. A. D. Mackintosh of the Royal Signals died of wounds at a military hospital today. He was shot by terrorists whom he surprised stacking the milk churn of explosives in the basement of the hotel.

WHY JEWISH H.Q. WAS RAIDED

LONDON, July 24 (Reuter).—The British Government tonight published some of the evidence on which the authorities in Palestine decided to raid the Jewish Agency Headquarters in Jerusalem at the end of June. Many Jewish leaders are still detained as a result of this raid.

Government in a White Paper on this evidence draws the following main conclusions:

1. The Hagana and its associated force of Palmach—working under the political control of prominent members of the Jewish Agency—have been engaging in a carefully planned movement of sabotage and violence under the guise of the "Jewish Resistance Movement."

(2) Irgun Zvai Leumi and Stern gang have worked since last autumn in co-operation with the Haganah High Command on certain of these operations.

(3) The Broadcasting Station "Kol Israel", which claims to be "The Voice of the Resistance Movement" and which was working under the general direction of the Jewish Agency, had been supporting these organisations.

SOURCE OF EVIDENCE

Government says that the evidence on which these conclusions are based is derived from intercepted telegrams passed between London and Jerusalem, from broadcasts by "Kol Israel" since last November referring to specific acts of violence and sabotage, and from information derived from publications of the Stern Group, Irgun Zvai Leumi and the "Jewish Resistance Movement."

ANOTHER BODY RECOVERED

The body of Mr. R. C. Musgrave, Assistant Secretary in Palestine Government (previously reported missing), was recovered this afternoon.

This brings the known death roll to 53.

ARABS OPPOSED TO FEDERATION

LONDON, July 24 (Reuter).—A Federal Government in Palestine would be "only another form of partition", an official of the Arab office in London declared today.

He added that it would be even less acceptable to Arab opinion than an outright partition.

While British and United States experts now at work in Whitehall are still pledged to secrecy and no official comment is available, there have been persistent and circumstantial reports in the past few days that the joint expert committee is now working on a plan for the division of Palestine into two provinces linked by a Federal Government.

By this scheme, Arab and Jewish Provinces would exist side by side with the authority of the Central Federal Government in Jerusalem composed of Arab Jewish and British members.

Officials of the Jewish Agency in London were reserving judgment on press reports until the meeting of the World Executive of the Jewish Agency in Paris next Monday, when policy for a possible Federal scheme is to be discussed.

Louis Fischer For Palestine

KARACHI, July 24, (A. P. I.): Mr. Louis Fischer, who spent about a month in India, has arrived here and is expected to leave for the United States tonight. He proposes to halt in Palestine for a few days and study the situation first hand there.

Mr. Fischer expects to visit India again towards the end of next year.

Penalising Bigamous Marriages

Bombay Govt.'s New Bill, Most Radical Step Forward In Social Legislation

(From Our Special Representative.)

POONA, July 24.

The Government of Bombay has been prompt to fulfil the promise made by Mr. Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue that it would sponsor a Bill to provide for the prevention of bigamous marriages among Hindus. The Bill has just been "pigeonholed".

The Bill takes the most radical step forward in this type of social legislation by not only providing for punishment of any breach of its provisions but declares that bigamous marriage among Hindus shall be void. The term Hindu itself is defined afresh to include Sikhs, Jains and followers of the Arya Samaj or Bramho Samaj or converts to Hinduism. If a Hindu during the life time of his or her spouse (unless the marriage is declared void by court of competent jurisdiction or is void according to custom or practice of community) marriages again, the marriage is declared void. This declaration is made twofold in its operation. First, no marriage of that kind can take place in the province of Bombay wherever the parties may come from; secondly, if one of the parties is domiciled in the province his or her marriage wherever it may take place will also be void.

Besides this the usual penal clauses are there and parties and abettors and guardians in case of minors are subject to six months' imprisonment with fine. The statement of objects and reasons claims that the Bill is intended to bring the law relating to Hindu marriages more into conformity with enlightened public opinion by penalising the performance of bigamous marriages and providing that any such marriages contracted in future shall be void.

BASIC EDUCATION SCHEME

Supplementary Demand Passed By Huge Majority

POONA, JULY 24. (API): The real merits of the Basic Education scheme were fully and lucidly explained by Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier and Minister in charge of Education, while replying to the debate on the supplementary demand under the head "Education". Mr Kher appealed to the Opposition members to consider the scheme unprejudiced and in a dispassionate manner.

Mr. Kher referred to the defects of the present system of Education which, according to him was too scholastic and too bookish and said the fundamental idea behind the Basic Education was "learning through activities related to social life around." This, he said, was necessary in order to develop the powers of curiosity and observation latent in children. Mr. Kher did not think there was anything obnoxious in the scheme to the culture of the Muslims.

The supplementary demand was passed by an overwhelming majority.

UTTER SPOLIATION

Mr. B. Suryanarayana Rao writes:—

The news from Ceylon about the plight of Indians is by no means reassuring. The certificate Mr. George Hall, Colonial Secretary gave to Mr. Senanayake, must have added strength to his elbow to persist successfully in the congenial task of ousting Indians from the Island. It is surprising the latest target of attack is the Indian labourer. Harbour labourers, most of whom must have been long resident in Ceylon and but for whose loyal services during the emergency period the work in the Colombo harbour would have been at a stand-still, are asked to 'quit' if they cannot prove that they are Ceylonese. Knowing as every one does the clever definition of 'Ceylonese' purposely framed and inserted in the various enactments to exclude Indians however long their residence might have been the fate of these labourers is fairly settled. What about the labourers in Knavesmire Estate? They are to be evicted in accordance with Ceylon Government's land settlement and village improvement scheme to give place to the Sinhalese labourers. As most of these labourers also have lived sufficiently long to acquire the status of Ceylonese and are entitled long ago to obtain the certificate of permanent settlement, their eviction is nothing short of a scandal. But Mr. Senanayake whose wisdom and statemanship are of a high order according to Mr George Hall, can do no wrong. One wonders what the Government of India are doing when this act of utter spoliation is being enacted in the very eyes of their accredited representative without any reference to him? Have they yet to be convinced that this is not the beginning of the end and Mr. Senanayake and his friends will not rest content till they see every Indian out of Ceylon? What purpose the existence of their representative serves when Ceylon is completely ignoring him? Self-respect demands he should be recalled and all relations with Ceylon should be cut off. When reason has no effect, it is not wrong to use the rod even though it may not prove very effective. The Government of India seem to revel in following the policy of 'wait and see' and when the thing is done throw up their hands in despair and find all kinds of arguments for their policy of inaction. In the case of South Africa, it was a Dominion. What of Ceylon which is a Crown Colony in the ordering of its affairs the British Government enjoy every right. The fact of the matter is so far concerned, there has been no change even in the policy of the Labour Government. There is no use relying on their intervention without exercising our sanctions. Will the Government of India take courage to do the right thing? We pause for an answer.

Black Market In Import Licences

Sir,—I would like to know through the esteemed columns of your paper, from the Government Department concerned, as to what action Government are taking against people who black-market on import licenses, and misuse import licences granted to them.

In same case licenses granted to cotton mills are not used for the import of machinery required for use in their own mills. For instance, when the machinery cases arrive in India, they are offered for sale to third parties, by the licencee and the importer firm through whom such machines are ordered from U.K. or U.S.A. These third parties, who are also generally cotton mills, pay fancy prices to the importing firm, as the former is not in a position to secure import licenses, or due to their immediate and urgent necessities for such machines. There are cases where the original machinery cases do not all see the godown or mill premises of the licensee.

I do not know whether Government are taing any trouble to see that import licenses are used for genuine purpose by the licensees, or simply issue livenses to mills who are on war orders and does not care who uses the machines ordered out under such licenses.

What is this called, if it is not Black-marketing on import licenses.

"WHITEMARKETEER."

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

There is need in this country of a countrywide campaign to end the general restlessness that has set in. At the moment it may appear amusing that letters don't arrive in time, that the postman doesn't ring the front door bell and that you have to go to the post-office to collect your bills. But all this portends ill for the future. The foundation of solidarity which is essential to a nation on the eve of freedom is sadly lacking and while it may seem unimportant now, it will be the cause of much trouble in the future.

The real trouble in India today is that there are too many leaders and they are all scrambling for what little power they can get. Everyone appears to be disowning everyone else and as there is only a transitory Government at the Centre no one is in a position to take any effective measures to stop the rot which is setting in.

It is being revealed more clearly than ever that there should be a representative body of men taking over from the present Caretaker Government in New Delhi. Whatever may be the political issues involved, there must be men of some position and authority to speak for the country in these troublesome days, to guide the people and generally to restore some sort of order and discipline. Otherwise this nation will deteriorate and finally go to pieces.

What is needed in this country is discipline. It is the foundation on which alone a nation can rise. For no fault of ours, in the past it has been necessary that discipline should be lacking in our normal behaviour and our daily conduct. All this was necessary for the political struggle which has gone on for quite a while. But now that struggle has ended, we have to find our feet and to find our place in the world. We have to compete as a nation, which is free with other nations. We have no longer the excuse that we are dominated by a foreign and exploiting power. Our shortcomings will reflect upon us. We alone can be blamed for what we do.

In this hour, so critical in the history of our country, it is essential that we get a grip on ourselves, that we find some unity, some stability, some sense of cohesion some conception of civic responsibility and national duty. We must purge ourselves of all that which was pretty to watch merely because it was flashy and settle down to build this nation anew. We are not different people.

VRI—We are one

DEFICIT BUDGET FOR BENGAL

Tax On Sales Of Motor Spirit Envisaged

CALCUTTA, July 24. (A.P.I.): Bengal's budget for 1946/47, introduced in the Assembly this afternoon, shows a revenue deficit of nine crores and 70 lakhs. The revenue is estimated at 42 crores 50 lakhs, of which 10 crores 50 lakhs represents grants from the Centre for the financing of unproductive development projects. Expenditure charged to revenue totals 52 crores 20 lakhs.

Introducing the estimates in the House, Khan Bahadur Mohammad Ali, Finance Minister, said that he was examining very carefully further possibilities of increasing their resources and would present to the House a bill enhancing the tax on sales of motor spirit by five and a half annas per gallon. This was expected to bring in an extra 75 lakhs of revenue.

New Scales Of Pay For Primary Teachers

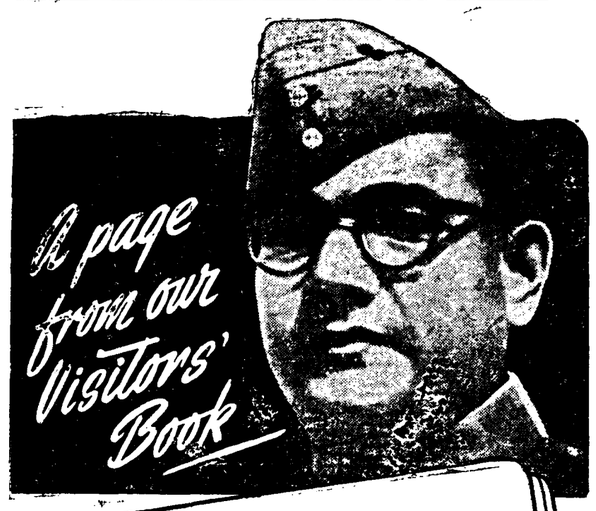
Provincial Executive To Consider Govt.'s Reported Proposals

POONA, July 24. (A.P.I.): An official announcement in regard to the scales of pay of primary teachers is expected to be made either by the end of this month or in the first week of August.

According to a spokesman of the Bombay Provincial Teachers Association, Government had decided to classify primary teachers as either untrained or trained. It was proposed to fix the former in the scale of Rs. 25-1-30 and the latter 30-1-50 efficiency bar 2-70.

These scales, he said, were considerably lower than those asked for by the teachers in their demands when they went on strike. Even in regard to the efficiency scale, he said, only 15 per cent of those getting Rs. 50 would be able to get the benefit of this scale according to the Government's proposal.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Provincial Primary Teachers Association, Members of the Council of Action of the last Strike Committee and advisers to the Provincial Association has been called in Poona on July 26 to consider Government's reported proposals.



NETAJI
SUBHAS CH. BOSE
writes:

"I visited the Sakti Oushadhalaya, Dacca, today and was very kindly shown round the premises. Indigenous medicines are prepared here on a large scale and in accordance with Ayurvedic principles. The institution reflects great credit on Babu Mathura Mohan Chakravarty, whose enterprise has brought Ayurvedic medicines within the reach of the poor. I wish him all success to the institution which he has built up after so much enterprise and hard labour for a long period. The success of Sakti Oushadhalaya, Dacca, means the popularity of Ayurveda throughout the country and this in its turn means the relief of suffering humanity.

(Sd.) SUBHAS CH. BOSE
Dacca—June 6, 1939.

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Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister to the Government of Bomb ay asking the rioters in Ahmedabad to keep peace while his bus was surrounded by hundreds of Muslims on Tuesday morning.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

India's Narrow Escape

BY J. C. MAITRA.

In the third Test Match at Old Trafford, Manchester, India escaped another rout by the skin of their teeth, so to speak.

GREAT RISKS

Is there any doubt that Merchant and Mushtaq Ali who batted so well on Monday,—after England had lost 6 wickets for a bare 60—to put on 124 without separation, would have done infinitely better on Saturday when the state of the wicket was comparatively easy? If Pataudi had taken batting first there was every possibility of India gaining the same sound position as England had done.

There was another reason which should have impelled the Indian skipper to take first lease of the wicket and it was the physical disability of Hindlekar the wicket-keeper. A couple of days' rest would certainly have made him absolutely fit. Fortunately he was able to stand the strain well. If, on the other hand, he had collapsed early in the first innings, you can well imagine the plight the tourists would have been in.

STOCK BOWLERS DISCOURAGED

It is really fortunate for India that Amarnath and Vinoo Mankad did exceedingly well in the bowling department. As a matter of fact, these change bowlers have become the stock bowlers of the tourists—or rather the backbone of their attack. Had they not met with the success they did I don't know how Pataudi would have got rid of the great batsmen of England. He does not appear to have any faith on the stock bowlers who were sent across. He has practically finished them by neglecting them. Had he encouraged them and given them fair trials to get into their forms, the tourists would never have felt the shortage in this department.

The credit for the draw goes to Rusi Modi, Hazare, Sohoni and Hindlekar who defended their wickets gallantly under most trying circumstances. But it was all of negative value.

NORTH THANA MERCHANTS TRY SATYAGRAHA

Forest Officer Comes To Terms

(From Our Correspondent)

DAHANU: July 23. Timber contractors of North Thana had to resort to Satyagraha on Saturday due to the unaccommodating attitude of the Divisional Forest Officer of North Thana. Mr. Karamchandani the officer concerned was approached by Mr. N. P. Ponda president of the Association and Mr. Mahomad Amin, Vice-President of the Association to get certain conditions regarding the sales of coupes, relaxed. Both the deputationists pointed out to the officer that similar demand was made by the contractors in the Dangs and it was accepted. The officer, it is reported, took up a very uncompromising attitude and gave a cold shoulder to the representation of the contractors. The latter thereupon refused to offer tenders on that day as a protest against the attitude of the officer. As a result of this Satyagraha, no tenders were received on that day. Mr. Karamchandani then held discussions with Mr. Ponda and his colleagues and agreed to arrive at a compromise. The sales are now fixed for tomorrow. A meeting of the contractors will be held to-day when the question of offering tenders, in view of the changed attitude of the officer, will be discussed. Government recover several lakhs out of the jungle sales from North Thana, and as such these annual sales are greatly important, both to the merchants as well as to the Government.

St. Xavier's College Open T. T. Tourney

The Open Table Tennis Championship Tournament run by the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana Commences on August 2. The events include "Veterans' Singles", "Juniors' Singles" and "Consolation Singles" besides the usual Singles and Doubles event for men and women.

Entries close by 30th July and the entry forms may be addressed to Mr. P. R. Ragi or B. S. Cooper C/o St. Xavier's College, Cruikshank Road, Fort.

Piecegoods Merchant Acquitted Of Forgery

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bhagwati and a Common Jury).

Emperor
vs.
Ratilal Keshavji Kothari. ... Accused.

The accused was a partner with the complainant, one Kanaiyalal H. Mehta in a piecegoods business. The firm had a current account with the Jhaveri Bazar Branch of the Central Bank of India which was to be operated upon by the complainant Kanaiyalal alone who was the financing partner. On 11th February 1944, the accused was alleged to have drawn a cheque for Rs. 4,500 to which the signature of the complainant was forged. On that the accused was charged with dishonestly using a forged document as genuine and with having cheated the Bank by dishonestly inducing it to part with the amount of the cheque.

The defence of the accused was that as he needed the amount to go to Jamnagar where his mother-in-law was ill, the complainant himself gave him the cheque in question and it was not a forged cheque. He then withdrew the amount as he was entitled to do so long as the partnership accounts were not made up.

The jury having, by a majority of 6 to 3, found the accused not guilty, his Lordship acquitted the accused.

Mr. K. J. Khandalawalla and Mr. B. M. Mistry instructed by the Public Prosecutor appeared for the prosecution.

Mr. S. M. Shah defended the accused.

Important Decision Under Petrol Rationing Order

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Dixit).

Govind Bhimrao Kulkarni and Others. .... Applicants.
vs.
Imperator .... Opponent.

Observing that there was nothing in the Motor Spirit Rationing Order to show that a person who owned both motor lorries and motor cars could not use the petrol coupons of the one for the other, their Lordships acquitted the applicants.

The applicants had been convicted by the first class Magistrate of Sholapur who sentenced each of them to a fine of Rs. 50 for breach of the Rationing Order. They approached the Sessions Judge of Sholapur in Revision. The Sessions Judge made a Reference to the High Court recommending that the convictions and sentences be set aside.

Their Lordships stated that the definition of "vehicle" in the Rationing Order divided all vehicles into two classes viz., motor vehicles and motor boats, and pointed out that what cl. 26 (d) of the Rationing Order was the use of petrol coupons of one of these two classes for the other. Their Lordships held that no distinction was made in the Order between motor lorries and motor cars and accepted the Reference.

The Government Pleader appeared for the Crown.

Mr. E. B. Ghasvala with Mr. M. G. Chikale appeared for the Applicants.

Punjab National Bank Employees' Demand

"An urgent extraordinary general body meeting of the Punjab National Bank Ltd. Employees' Union was held in "A" ward Congress House on Wednesday under the presidentship of Mr. P. S. Hegde. It was unanimously decided to submit to the management the workers' demands for higher wages, better facilities regarding leave and timing etc. A resolution urging the India United Mills' Management to come to an amicable settlement with their Union was passed.

JAWAHAR AT SERVICE OF KASHMIR PEOPLE

LAHORE, July 24.

"I am going to Srinagar to make myself useful to the people of Kashmir," Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru told journalists at the civil aerodrome this morning. He was asked whether his mission this time was only in connection with the defence of Shaikh Mohd. Abdulla.

STRIKERS ATTACK DOCK CLERKS

Mazagaon Area In State Of Excitement

BOMBAY, Wednesday: There was a serious turn in the strike of the 8,000 Mazagaon Dock workers when some men took to acts of violence last evening, as a result of which 8 persons were injured; the condition of one is said to be precarious.

It appears that some clerks of the concern went on duty yesterday irrespective of the appeals of the strikers not to betray their cause.

This infuriated the strikers. In the evening, as some clerks were going home they were followed by groups of strikers.

Eight clerks were assaulted as they nervously wended their way home.

Five clerks, including an official from the accounts department, it is said, were smeared with human excreta.

Interviewed by a reporter of this paper one of the clerks complained bitterly against such treatment by the strikers.

The commotion created by these acts of violence kept the entire Mazagaon area in a state of excitement last night.

ALL-INDIA FILM CONFERENCE

An All-India Film Conference of the representatives of all the cine associations in India will be held in Bombay on August 26 under the auspices of the Motion Picture Society of India, to consider various matters connected with the development of the Indian film industry Sir Rahimtoola M. Chinoy, President, M. P. S. I. will preside.

The Conference will be purely a business conference and each association will depute three representatives to participate in the Conference.

Among the important matters for consideration at the Conference are the formation of an All-India Federation of all the cine organisations in the country, measures to be taken to check the threatened invasion of the industry by foreign film interests, collection of statistical information relating to the industry, setting up a machinery for the settlement of disputes and other things connected with the rationalization and future development of the Indian film industry.

Every 6 oz.

A CRITICAL SITUATION AND AN APPEAL

AFTER taking into account all grain stocks and supplies and promised imports, Bombay Province is faced with a deficit of 2,44,000 tons of food grains this year. The worst sufferers will be in those stricken areas where famine already threatens.

The poor in these scarcity areas eat only grain, whereas you perhaps can afford many alternative foods which are unrationed. In order to relieve the critical Food situation facing this Province, we appeal to you to give up at least 6 oz. of your rice or wheat ration for the next three months. Every extra 6 oz. of grain made available may mean a life saved in Bombay's scarcity areas.

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M. R. MASANI (Chairman) PURSHOTTAM KANJI, D. T. LAKDAVALA (Secretaries)

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Date.....

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Yours truly,
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Burma And Simplex Shares Rise On Active Buying

FURTHER RISE IN BULLION PRICES

Cotton Market Dull And Featureless

BOMBAY, July 24.

After yesterday's sharp rise, the market was anticipating a natural downward reaction today and the market opened lower but there was utter absence of any important selling. This state induced moderate short covering and a portion of the opening decline was recovered. Trading was slow and price fluctuations were confined to a narrow range.

The market being high, a certain amount of caution is visible on the part of professional operators : there is less inclination to unload.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 3,420 against last closing at Rs. 3,412/8 and steadily improved at Rs. 3,435. Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 617.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 2,915 and improved at Rs. 2,935 while Kohinoor shares were quoted at Rs. 1,122.

The market was more interested in other Mill shares. Lately Simplex Mill shares are manipulated by professionals and to-day they again rose to Rs. 592 from yesterday's closing level of Rs. 554 while Gokaks improved at Rs. 508/2. Nagpurs were quoted at Rs. 561 and Kohinoors improved at Rs. 1126. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 276 and Bellapurs stood at Rs. 357. Indian Irons were quiet at Rs. 70/8.

As a result of day's working Tata Steel Dfds lost Rs. 1/4 and Ordinary gained annas twelve. Bombay Dyeings lost Rs. 7/8 while Kohinoors improved Rs. 3/- Swadeshi Mills gained Rs. 40/- Nagpurs Rs. 18/- Simplex Rs. 40/- New Great Rs. 30/- Finlay lost Rs. 9/- Gokaks gained Rs. 16/- Indores Rs. 12/- and Burma Rs. 65/-.

It will be observed that Simplex, Gokaks, Swadeshi and New Greats as well as Burma Shares moved up under extensive buying. The market is anticipating reduction in the Bank rate but there is more room for a corrective reaction before the end of the week work.

COTTON MILLS.

Bombay Dyeing 2935 Century 1300 Nagpur 567 Swadeshi 986 New Great 680 Simplex 594 Kohinoor 1123 Colaba 500 Gokak 506 Phoenix 1625 Mysore 350 Indian Bleaching 565 Swan 276 Finlay 543 Morarji 1045 Indore 1093/12

STEEL.

Tata Steel Deferred 3442/8 Tata Steel Ordinary 619/8

ELECTRIC SHARES.

Tata Hydro 258 Andhra Valley 2100 Tata Power 2190 Tram (Ord) 169

CEMENT.

Asso. Meger 278

INDUSTRIES.

Burma 910 Alcock 696/4 Bellapur 366 Shivrajpur 67 Steamer (Ord) 880 Scindia 59/12 Premier Construction 399

CASH SHARES (TEXTILE).

Apollo 7/2 Elphinstone 145 India United (Ord) 29/2 India United (Def) 6/11/8 India Manufacturing 4600 Coorla 435 Khatau 552/8 Dawn 1447/8 New City 400 Minerva 315 Bradbury 622/8 Bharucha (Dfd) 17 Bharat 95 Madhavji 25/4 Model 362/8 Laxmi 2170 Vishnu 855 Western 4600 Standard 710 Sholapur 10,000 Sassoon Cotton 34/8 Hindustan 4600 Meyer 371/4 Edward 1005 Tata 145 Ahmedabad Advance 560 Sassoon Silk 180 New Indian 35/8 Podar 492/8 Madhusudan 655 Madhusudan B 120 Srinivas 225 Raja Bahadur 175 Berar 430 Victoria 425

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH).

Ahmedabad 225 (New) 127/8 Surat (Ord) 257/8 (New) 190 Karachi 340 Broach 14 Ajmer 16 Amalgamated 20/12 Jalgaon 14/12 Nagpur 58 Poona 305 Bombay Suburban 248/12 Bombay Suburban (New) 160

BANK SHARES.

Reserve 179 Imperial 3310 P. P. 825 Central 156/8 India 297 Union 22 Baroda 227/8 Habib 162 ABC 58 Dena Bank 74 United Commercial 139 Jaipur 91 Hindustani Commercial 71 National Savings (fully paid) 91 National Savings (part paid) 54/8 Mysore 505 Exchange (Ord) X. R. 98 Eastern 112

INSURANCE

Oriental 8500 Empire 1380 New India 128/12 Jupiter 58 Vulcan 25/8 Indian Mercantile 86 Universal Fire 23/8 Vasant 26/4 British India General 36 Industrial Prudential 68 Neptune 14 New Great 43 All-India General 62/8

RAILWAYS

Ahmedabad Prantij 695 C P. 105 Pachora 95

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 342/8 Burma Petrol 7/13/6 Tata Oil 148 Port Canning 117 Kemp 510 Zandu Pharmacy 218/2 Indian Radio (Ord) 376/4 Indian Radio B 375 Indian Radio 375 Indian Investment Trust 148 Wimco 742/8 Tata Chemical 31/8 Dharmsey Chemical 49 Mukund Iron 15/2 Dena Trust 28/8 Alembic 407/8 Supreme India 205 (New) 180 Jamwire 147 Bombay Uganda 86 Bombay Motor Cycle 43/8 Indian Cement 42 Walchandnagar Industries 555 United Motor 46 ACC (New) 140/8 Baroda Glass 10/14

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref 272/8 Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 203 Tram 76 Andhra Valley 1720 Tata Power 1822/8 Hydro 182/8 Bombay Steamer 352/8 Swadeshi 170 Vishnu 810 Laxmi 318/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 117 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 151/4 Bradbury 591/4 Surat Elc. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref) 153/12 (2nd Pref) 152/4 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 150 Walchandnagar Industries 550 Jupiter 19/12 Supreme 120 Baroda Glass 11/12

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron Steel 71 Bengal Steel 64/4 Indian Copper 6/13 B. I. C. 18/10 Burma Corporation 8/14 New Victoria Mill 11 New Victoria Pref. 12/4 Raja Pref 78 Phaltan 155 Gold Mohur 490 New Kaiser Hind 2750 Sajjan Mill 510 Osmanshahi 472/8 Ajamshahi 477/8 Air Service 37 Birla Motors 12/2 Marshall 15/14

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Tata Ordinary 619-8; Tata Deferred 3442-8; Indian Iron 71; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 64-4; Bombay Dyeing 2935; Central India 566-14; Century 1300; Gokak 506-4; Kohinoor 1123-2; Simplex 594; Andhra Valley 2100; Tata Hydro 258-2; Tata Power 2190; Associated Cement 278; Belapur 366-4; Bombay Burma (Old) 910.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, July 24

The produce market was quiet with a restricted business.

Groundnuts G. I. P. Khandesh quality was quoted at Rs 26/4. Nizam quality at Rs. 25. Latur Bold at Rs. 24/4 and Coromonpdai Rs. 25/4.

Groundnut Oil Mills delivery Rs 16/12. Tank Wagon condition Rs. 16/4 and July/August Rs. 15/14

Castorseeds Bombay delivery bull quoted at Rs. 23/4. Goa delivery at Rs. 23/4 and Navlakhi Rs. 23/6.

Linseed ready; July/August and August/September was quoted at Rs. 26/7.

3-1/2 PER CENT PAPER

BOMBAY, July 24.

3-1/2 per cent paper was very steady today at Rs. 106/12.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 24.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16

London Banks Selling	T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th months.

London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th months.

London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th months.

London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th—9th months.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/2.

New York Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/2.

New York Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 329 3/4

New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs 328 3/4 under L/C.

New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 329 1/2 no. under L/C.

Montreal Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 333.

Montreal Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/4.

Montreal Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/4.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 3550.

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 3650.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. ——.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D D. Rs. 157.

CROSS RATE.

New York/London dol. 4.03 3/8-4.03 1/2.

London/Hongkong 1/2 13/16_1/3 3/32.

London/Singapore 2/3 15/16-2/4 5/32.

London/Paris Fcs. 479.70-480.30

London/Belgium Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4.

London/Switzerland Fcs. 17.34-36.

London/Stockholm Kr. 14.47.50.

London/Denmark Kr. 19.32-19.36.

London/New York dol. 4.02 1/2_4.03 1/2.

London/Montreal dol. 4.02-4.04.

London/Amsterdam Fl. 10.68-10.70.

London/Java Fl. 7.58-7.62.

London/Bangkok Tcl. 40.

Tone of Sterling Exchange :—Dull.

Gold London 168 12-3.

Gold New York dol. 35.

Silver London 44d.

Silver New York unquoted.

London Discts. 3 months 17/32 p c.

London Discts. 6 months 9/16-5/8 p c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c. Bank of England Rate 2 p c.

Money :—Call 1/4 p c. 3 months 1/2 p c. 6 months 3/4 p c. 12 months 1 1/4 p c.

Tone :—Fair Demand.

ASSAM TREASURY BILLS.

Tenders for Rs. 1,00,00,000 of three months' Government of Assam Treasury Bills were opened on Wednesday, the 24th July. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,66,00,000 (Rupees two crores and sixty-six lakhs only).

Tenders at Rs. 99-14-0 were allotted approximately 60 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0.8.0 per cent per annum

LONDON BULLION

LONDON July 23.

Silver Spot & Forward	44 pence
Gold bars fine per oz.	£ 8/12/3

LONDON WHEAT

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe (new)	unquoted
Australian wheat (bulk)	71 July quo ed
Australian wheat (bags)	unquoted

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, July 23.

U. S. price of foreign silver 90 1/8 cents 79 88 79 66

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, July 24.

The Bullion market was very steady on active manipulation by professional operators in gold while silver is moving in sympathy.

Forward silver opened today at Rs. 166 and declined at Rs. 165 under moderate realising. Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 164/8.

Forward gold opened at Rs. 94/10 and steadied at Rs. 94/6. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 95/14 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 65/10.

Thereafter there was further professional buying and short covering which hardened forward gold at Rs. 96 and silver firmed up at Rs. 165/10.

Later on there was some realising and quotations were as under :—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	164	1	0
Forward Silver	164	5	0
Ready Gold	93	5	0
Forward Gold	95	5	0
Sovereign	65	4	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, July 24.

The local market is drifting aimlessly awaiting Government decision for the next crop. In the meantime, the members of the Board of the East India Cotton Association are meeting Government representative today.

The market opened today at Rs. 472/8 for September delivery and under scattered business prices fluctuated within a narrow range of annas four only.

At the meeting it was stressed that exports of about 10 lakh bales be allowed and forward trading in New Crop be allowed. The reply was given that these requests would be considered favourably.

This news induced some buying and short covering and September contract improved at Rs. 475/8

The market improved at Rs. 478/12 for September but later declined at Rs. 473/4. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under :—

I.C.C. July	.....	467	8 0
I.C.C. Sept.	.....	474	0 0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, July 23.

	High	Low	Close
I C C July	467	465	465/12
I C C Sept.	474	471	471/12
Karachi July	51/2/3	50/7/3	50/11/3

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September Contract is 1723 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF AFFAIRS.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 19th day of July :—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	32,34,09,000
Notes in circulation	1222,13,53,000
Total Notes issued	1254,47,62,000
Total Liabilities	1254,47,62 000

ASSETS	Rs.
A Gold Coin and Bullion :—	
(a) Held in India	44.41 45 000
Sterling Securities	1135.32,89,000
Total of A	1179,74,34,000
B. Rupee Coin	16,89,17 000
Government of India Rupee Securities	57.84,11,000
Total Assets	1254,47,62,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities 94 043 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES.	Rs
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00 000
Deposits :—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	474,74 19,000
(2) Government of Burma	10 78,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	16,32,46,000
(b) Banks	105,74,19,000
(c) Others	6,43,52.000
Bills Payable	3,51,52,000
Other Liabilities	16,86,04,000
Total Rs	633,72,70,000

ASSETS.	Rs.
Notes	32,34,09.000
Rupee Coin	26,09,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,98,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
Government Treasury Bills	30,24,000
Balances held abroad *	563,90,46,000
Other Loans and Advances	5,75,000
Investments	21,73,56.000
Other Assets	15,10,53,000
Total Rs.	633,72,70,000

* Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

** Owing to the non-receipt of returns for the week ended the 19th July 1946 from certain offices as a result of the strike of the employees of the Posts and Telegraphs Department, the previous week's figures in respect of such offices have been incorporated.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON July 23

	£
Rupee Paper, 3-1/2 p.c.	75-3/4
Consols 2-1/2 p.c.	96-5/8
Conversion loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1961	112
War loan, 3-1/2 p.c., 1952 and after	106-9/16
Funding loan, 4 p.c. 1960/90	117-7/8
Victory bonds 4 p.c.	119-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. & China	12-7/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank	
London reg	89
National Bank of India	40

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, July

American Telephone and Telegraph 197-1/8; Amerex Corporation 38-1/2; Anaconda Copper Mining 44-5/8; Chase National Bank 43-1/8; Sinclair Oil 17-3/4; Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co. 70; General Electric Co. 45; General Motors 65-3/4; Ingersol Rand 135 bid International Nickel 35-3/8; National City Bank of New York 46-3/4; New York Central Rail Road Co., 22; Socony Vacuum Corporation 17-1-4; Texas Corporation 62-5/8; Union Carbon and Carbide 106; U S. Smelting Refining Mining Co., 60; U. S. Steel Corporation (Common) 86-5/8, Western Union Telegraph 35.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON July 23.

Some routine selling on a quiet stock market imparted some dullness and the markets were inclined to drift aimlessly lower. The Palestine incident was a disturbing factor. A certain amount of professional offering in the gilt-edged market resulted in occasional losses of one-sixteenth

In the foreign bond market there was fresh inquiry for Japanese bonds. Further reflecting the brighter export outlook while the adjustment of exchange rates helped Brazilian bonds.

Very few features appeared in industrials apart from some support in breweries on the proposals for increased output.

Teas were again in demand from Indian interest and to a lesser extent jute shares.

Selective support from the Cape assisted South-African goldmines.

WALL STREET MARKET CRACKS

NEW YORK July 23, (UPA) : Prices on the New York Stock Exchange today cracked one to five points largely as a result of the rumour that Chester Bowles will be named to the De-Control Board which will have power to clamp on ceilings on specific items under the terms of the Bill.

WORTH STREET AT STANDSTILL

NEW YORK, July 23, (UPA): Trading on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market remained at a standstill today awaiting OPA developments.

Some traders were, however, satisfied with the new Bill and indicated the likelihood of higher textile prices as a result of the rise in raw cotton prices.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, July 23.

October	35.38—39
October Highest	35.84—07
October Lowest	35.33—44
December	35.40—41
January	35.41—39
March	34.98—54
May	34.68—54
July	34.04—51
October	32.33—51
Middling Spot	36.06—41

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, July 23.

October	35.25—41
December	35.28—52
March	35.00—50
May	34.72—49
July	33.08—65
Middling Spot	35.30—35

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, July 23.

NOON CALL

October	35 58
December	35.63
March	35.30

8,300 Tons Of U. S. Wheat Arrive In Bombay

BOMBAY July 23. Another 8,300 tons of food grains from the United States and destined for famine relief in India arrived today in Bombay aboard the U. S. war-time Liberty ship 'William A. Richardson.' The entire cargo, which consists of bulk wheat, will be discharged here.

This is the second American relief grain ship to arrive in Bombay within ten days. Three others have arrived in this period at the ports of Tuticorin, Cochin and Calcutta.

Seven other food ships are expected at India ports within the next 14 days; two others—the "Barbara Fritchie" for Bombay, the "Joseph Kemp" for Calcutta, both carrying bulk wheat—are due to leave Texas ports shortly and will be in India by September 1.

These 14 ships represent more than 110,000 tons of food grains from the United States arriving at India's ports within six weeks. The shipments are in addition to the 105,000 tons of food grains which reached this country during the first four months of this year from the United States.

President Harry S. Truman recently announced that the United States had not only met its grain relief promises but had exceeded them as of June 30. Significant in the report was the fact that the United States has shipped abroad nearly double the requirements originally presented to the Combined Food Board for the entire year. A year ago, the United States felt that it could export six million tons for all of 1946. On June 30, 1946, 11,747,000 tons had been shipped.

Boiled down to simple facts, one out of every six pounds of United States food supplies distributed in the 1945-46 crop year has gone overseas to meet the world's food shortages, according to Agriculture Secretary Clinton P. Anderson.

The tentative U S. food export goal announced by the Agriculture Department for the crop ending June 30, 1947 is 250 million bushels (more than six million tons).

Scholarships For Kanwa Students

At a meeting of the Managing Committee of the Akhil Kanwa Brahamin Sangh held at Bhaiwadekar's Chawl, Grant Road yesterday under the presidentship of Dr. L. H. Patil it was decided that 15 students of the Kanwa Community be given scholarships to popularise education in the Community. Accordingly a few students were given scholarships for a year.

MAHATMA URGED TO PRAY FOR POLES

Hopes They Will Soon Regain Freedom

PANCHGANI, July 23, (API) Mahatma Gandhi is likely to leave next Sunday for Poona where he will attend two conferences—Education Ministers Conference and Village Industries Ministers Conference—to be held on July 30 and 31.

Gandhiji's evening prayers this evening was attended by the Superintendent and members of Polish Displaced Persons Camp A lady from the camp expressed gratefulness for India's hospitality to homeless Poles and requested Gandhiji to pray for Poland's freedom.

Mahatma Gandhi said that he always prayed for everyone's freedom. He was sorry for their plight and he was already written about them in his papers. I have many Polish friends" he added. "and I hope Poles will soon regain their freedom."

Dr. A. G. Tendulkar President of Goa Congress Committee had an interview with Gandhiji this afternoon and he submitted a written report on the Goa "Satyagraha" movement and acquainted him with views of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel on the movement. It is understood, Gandhiji is likely to issue a special statement regarding the Goa "Satyagraha" movement shortly.

COALITION MINISTRY CAN'T BE DISLODGED

No One-Party Communal Govt. Will Do For Punjab, Says Sardar Baldev Singh

LAHORE, July 23, (A.P.A.): Sardar Baldev Singh, leader of the Sikh Panthic Party in the Punjab Assembly, and a Senior Minister in the Coalition Ministry, declared here today that the Coalition is now more stabilized and set".

"I see no hope of a weakening of the present Coalition so long as the Muslim League insists on a one-party communal Government in the Punjab", the Sikh Leader said in an interview to the "Associated Press of America".

Sardar Baldev Singh said "No Government of one single community can work satisfactorily in this Province. The trouble with the Muslim League is that they want to establish a Government on communal lines and this can't be tolerated by the minorities".

The Panthic Party Leader commenting on the Coalition victory over the League Opposition in the Assembly last week said, "It is difficult, if not impossible, to dislodge the present Coalition Ministry which gave the League full opportunity to defeat it".

"The Coalition Party consists of all sections of the Punjabis and everybody realises that the present arrangement is the best in the interests of the Province", added the Coalition Minister.

House Approves OPA Extension Bill

WASHINGTON, July 23, (UPA). The House today approved the compromise OPA Extention Bill.

Senator Alben Barkley said that he would move for approval by the Senate before nightfall.

The House approved the recommendations of the Senate-House conferees without change by 210 votes to 144.

The bill restores rent and most price controls and forbids a return of price ceilings to meat dairy products and grain before August 21.

Administration circles said that it was the "best they could get" and considered that there was a good chance of Truman approving the measure.

City Incidents

BOMBAY, Wednesday: A 40-year-old coolie Kamlabai Tukaram was fatally crushed yesterday by a load of grain bags while they were being unloaded from a ship at the Victoria Docks No. 8.

CHARGE OF CHEATING

In these days of acute housing problem in the city, how one person in his enthusiasm to procure a room had been adroitly cheated, was revealed at the Esplanade Cutcherry to-day.

It is stated that one Birindranath Roy along with two others fell in with the complainant on the Hornby Road, and wheedling him formed friendship. During the course of talk he found out that the complainant was in crying need of a room, he at once seized the opportunity and showed "courtesy" by asking for Rs. 130 on the pretext of securing a room. He skipped off, telling the complainant that he was going "to make the arrangements." His companions also managed to take his leave under some pretext or the other. The complainant waited long—but no body turned up.

Afterwards the accused was handed over to the police by the complainant himself.

The accused was ordered to be remanded into police custody by Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, to-day.

EGYPT WANTS U. N. O. TO TAKE UP PALESTINE ISSUE

NEW YORK, July 24 (A.P. A.): The United Nations Secretary General announced last night that Egypt had formally requested that the Palestinian situation be brought before the United Nations General Assembly at its September meeting.

The Acting Secretary-General, M. Arkadi Sobolev, made public a letter from the Egyptian Ministry of Foreign Affairs and accompanying notes sent by the Egyptian Government to the British Government on the Palestinian case.

In the letter the Egyptian Foreign Office called the attention of the Secretariat to a note "with a view to submitting the proposals therein set forth to the General Assembly of the United Nations at the next meeting."

In the note the Egyptian Government expressed "deep regret" concerning the present situation in Palestine and "wishes to stress the necessity for complying with the national aspirations of the inhabitants of that country."

The announcement added that the Egyptians acted in concert with six other member nations of the Arab League.

Truman Condemns Palestine Outrages

WASHINGTON, July 23, (Reuter). President Truman in a statement this evening condemned "the wanton slaying of human beings" in the bomb outrages at the British military headquarters in Palestine

He said "I have learned with deep regret of the destruction of bomb of the building in Palestine in which were located the Palestine Government and British Military Headquarters resulting in the killing of approximately 50 men and women, soldiers and civilians. Every responsible Jewish leader I am sure, will join me in condemning the wanton slaying of human beings

At this time representatives of the United Government in London are conferring with representatives of the British Government as to the steps to be taken to implement the report of the Palestine Committee which recommended, among other things, immigration of 100,000 Jews into Palestine

Such acts of terrorism will not advance but, on the contrary might well retard the effort that is being made, and will continue to be made, to bring about a peaceful solution of this difficult problem."

The State Department declared that its action in the matter was being confined to queries on the safety of United States citizens

SARAT BOSE MEETS AUNG SAN

RANGOON, July 23, (Reuter) Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose met Aung San and later held consultations with Azad Hind workers yesterday.

At a press conference today Mr. Sarat Bose urged the Burma Government to withdraw the cases against members of the "Netaji Fund Committee", sponsored by the Azad Hind Government on charges of extortion during the Japanese occupation of Burma.

Mr. Sarat Bose said : "The declaration of policy by His Majesty's Government some time ago and which had given effect to in Malaya should be applicable to Burma. The complainants in these cases are Indians and from their depositions I find they are not at all anxious to proceed with the cases. In these circumstances to continue the cases will serve no useful purpose"

TASKS BEFORE NEXT PEACE CONFERENCE

PARIS, July 24, (A.P.A.): One of the first tasks of the Peace Conference opening next Monday will be to decide whether the Axis satellites will be represented, a French source said last night.

Whether Italy, for example, will be allowed to attend any or all of the plenary sessions and be permitted to attend Committee meetings, will be up to the Conference as a whole to decide, the informant said.

The Conference jurisdiction also applies to countries that were not one-time members of the enemy coalition, it was pointed out. The full body will decide whether Albania, or Egypt, or other nations shall be called to speak out on the treaties.

The Conference will be opened, the French spokesman said, with an address by French Foreign Minister Georges Bidault. The first day it is expected to buckle down to technical details such as whether the presidency of the Conference shall remain with one nation, rotate among five, or even among the entire 21, and the naming of the various commissions.

The source professed uncertainty whether an opening day task would be to decide on publication of the draft peace treaties. He said that Quai D'Orsay had not yet received American Secretary of State James F. Byrnes' proposal that they be given out immediately.

New South Wales Coal Miners Strike Work

SYDNEY, July 23, (Reuter). All mines in southern New South Wales coal fields came to a standstill today when miners struck over a dispute concerning the rate of pay for men directed to shift the work away from the coal face.

The strike makes 4,000 miners idle and means loss of 10,000 tons of coal a day.

Already three mines in northern New South Wales are idle and 16 more are partially closed owing to disputes.

South African Ban On Indian Professor's Entry

LAHORE, July 23, (UPI): The South African Government, it is learnt has banned the entry of Prof Shadiram Joshi of the Kanya Mahavidyala premier national institution of Northern India, who was invited there to deliver a series of lectures on "Indian Culture and Civilisation" under the auspices of the Gandhi-Tagore Society, South Africa.

DISPOSALS

TWIST DRILL FACTORY

The Director General Disposals, (C. P. & M. Directorate), New Delhi, invites tenders for the purchase of what is known as the Twist Drill Factory, at Sion, Bombay, complete with buildings and equipment (known as 16 Civil Maintenance Unit) consisting of the under noted main categories:

LAND—The land belongs to the Government of India and will become the property of the buyer of the factory.

BUILDINGS—Two Storied Main Building and Godowns, etc.

MACHINERY—Details are given in the tender documents.

The factory will be disposed of as a going concern together with large stocks of miscellaneous stores and accessories as stated in the list attached to the tender forms.

The factory was originally established for the manufacture of Twist Drills but was subsequently adopted for the manufacture and repair of Aero Engine spares.

The factory is offered for sale as it is, with all faults and errors of description, and Government do NOT guarantee its performance or its suitability for any purpose.

Tender Forms, detailed particulars of factory equipment, together with permit to view the factory may be obtained from Director Disposals, C. P. and M. Directorate, Block No. 9 Shahjahan Road New Delhi on payment of Rs. 30/- in cash or by money order.

The factory had been running till recently. Trial runs cannot, however, be arranged. Intending Purchasers may satisfy themselves in all respects before offering to purchase.

Tenders in sealed covers superscribed "TENDER No. DGD.SR-40977.C.P.M.-IV due 10th August 1946" should be accompanied by a Deposit call Receipt for rupees two and a half lakhs deposited in favour of the Director-General of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi as Earnest Money in the Imperial Reserve Bank Govt. Treasury, should reach the Director-General of Disposals, New Delhi by 1 p. m. on 10th August 1946.

The offers should remain open for acceptance till 10th September 1946.

The successful tenderer will be required to take possession of the factory within 30 days of notification of acceptance of his tender.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS

(SOUTHERN CIRCLE)

Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road,

Ballard Estate, Bombay.

Tel: 30041 (5 lines).

DS|68

If you have any VAPEX

please make it last. If carefully used, a little goes a long way. After use the stopper should be tightly closed to avoid evaporation. Production will be resumed as soon as conditions permit

VAPEX . . . for Colds

A Drop on your Handkerchief

THOMAS KERFOOT & CO. LTD. Vale of Berdsley, Lancs., England

LACTOPEPTINE ENDS INDIGESTION

INDIGESTION is the cause of nine tenths of human suffering. The food you eat should contain the basis of your health and strength, but how can you be well if it is causing you to double up with pain, "burning" you with acidity and producing distension and flatulence? You will obtain immediate relief from these ailments by taking LACTOPEPTINE

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Clean tongue—sweet breath

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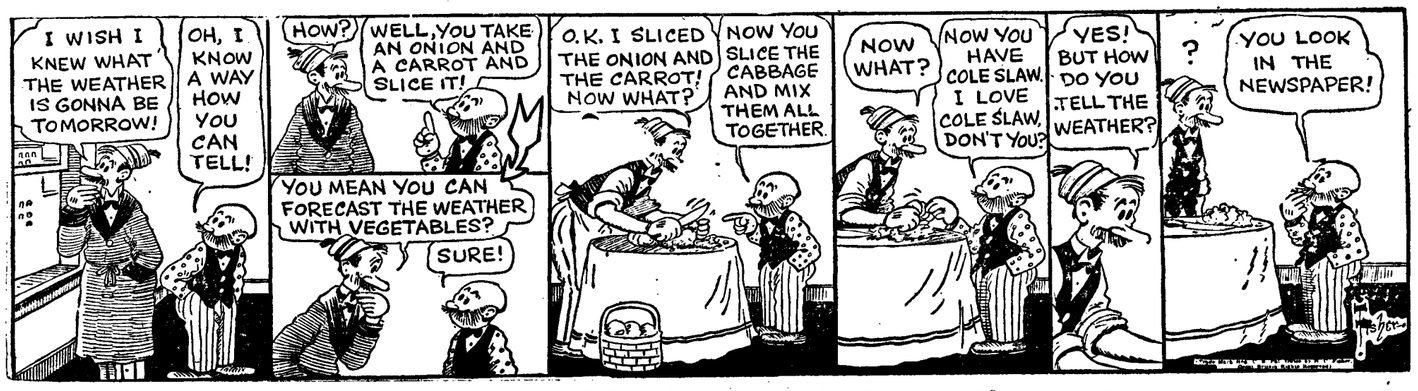
SMOOTH, HYGIENIC, ELECTROPLATED, WILL NOT INJURE THE TONGUE, A POPULAR SELLING LINE.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS : THE INDUSTRIAL SYNDICATE 119-B, RIPON STREET CALCUTTA

MUTT AND JEFF—True Brother True! Your Daily Newspaper Is There In Black And White By BUD FISHER


I WISH I KNEW WHAT THE WEATHER IS GONNA BE TOMORROW!
OH, I KNOW A WAY HOW YOU CAN TELL!
HOW?
WELL, YOU TAKE AN ONION AND A CARROT AND SLICE IT!
YOU MEAN YOU CAN FORECAST THE WEATHER WITH VEGETABLES?
SURE!
O.K. I SLICED THE ONION AND THE CARROT! NOW WHAT?
NOW YOU SLICE THE CABBAGE AND MIX THEM ALL TOGETHER.
NOW WHAT?
NOW YOU HAVE COLE SLAW. I LOVE COLE SLAW, DON'T YOU?
YES! BUT HOW DO YOU TELL THE WEATHER?
?
YOU LOOK IN THE NEWSPAPER!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

LOST & FOUND

Found Golden Ring from "B" Route Bus on Tuesday 7-30 p.m. owner may see Dahibai at Sunderbai Hall Restaurant near Incometax Office. (2905)

MATRIMONIAL

Muslim bachelor permanent Government Engineer invites matrimonial correspondence. Write City Post 63, Poona. 2866B

Hindu virgin of 25 educated, healthy, beautiful invites matrimonial correspondent. Please write Dr. Bhavalker, 773, Sadashiv, Poona. 2868

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a General Manager, having experience of Banking business of all kinds in a first class Bank in India of over 5 years, for Gauhati Bank, Ltd., H.O. Gauhati. Starting pay Rs. 750/- and other allowances, according to qualifications. Apply to Managing Director within 31st July, '46 with copies of certificates and other references. (2895)

Wanted. Influential persons (either sex) to do part-time out-door work. Good salary and conveyance given. Gentlemen of social status and nature to start independent business need apply. Manager, Argus Insurance Company Limited, Sir Vithaldas Chambers, Fort, Bombay. 2903

Wanted for a large Up-country Textile Mill a B.E. (Civil). Five years' apprenticeship on salary Rs. 125-25-225. Good future prospects for suitable man. Apply with full particulars Box No. 9026, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted urgently two fast and accurate Steno-typists. Apply personally to: Mangaldas N. Verma, 1st Floor, Kitab Mahal, Hornby Rd., Bombay. (2902)

Wanted Spinning Master. Required for an up-country Cotton Mill, experienced of Mule Spinning essential. Apply at once (preferably in person between 2 and 5 p.m.) to Asiatic Trading Co., 19, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay. (2903)

Wanted immediately two experienced Shorthand Typists by European firm. Apply personally between 2 and 3 p.m. except Saturday, with written application and original testimonials. Ground Floor, Neville House, Nicol Rd., Ballard Estate, Bombay. (9031)

Immediately wanted experienced Pilots, Engineers, Mechanics, Radio Operators and other personnels in connection with Airlines. Apply Bharat Airways Limited, Managing Agents: Birla Bros., 1-A, Vansittart Row, Dalhousie Square (South), Calcutta. (8834)

The Advertising Department of a large manufacturing firm requires outdoor Advertising Inspectors. Preference will be given to candidates who have travelled extensively in Western India, and have a sound knowledge of the local languages. Decent starting salary and good prospects. Apply to Box No. 8988, "Bombay Chronicle".

ACCOMMODATION ADLETS

Hindu Couple desires Accommodation. Terms decent. Phone Mr. Tikare, 26587, office hours. (2835)

Office Accommodation available with Telephone Facilities, Hornby Road, interested parties apply Box No. 2909, "Bombay Chronicle."

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Practical Valuable Book to Aspiring Journalists. Freelance professional. Twenty years' experience, observation condensed, Journalism by P. G. Rao, Director, Horniman College. Rs. 2|- only. Popular Book Depot, Grant Road, Bombay. (2911)

FINANCIAL

Wanted a Loan of Rs. 50,000 for production of a Congress, Congress Ministries—propaganda picture to show sacrifices and work of Congress for freedom of our motherland and activities of Congress Ministries. All profits of the picture shall be contributed to the Congress. Correspond to Box No. 2904, "Bombay Chronicle".

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Stockist and Agents for Toilet Products. Apply to United Sales Syndicate, 80, Khand Bazar, Bombay 3. (2669)

MACHINERY WANTED

Two Lancashire Boilers—30' x 7' x 160 Lbs. and 24' x 6' x 140 Lbs. Apply Box No. 2890, "Bombay Chronicle."

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For Sale Oldsmobile Car 1937 Model in perfect condition. Reasonable price. Please write to Box No. 2912, "Bombay Chronicle."

MOTOR & ACCESSORIES WANTED

Wanted Station wagon 1940 or 1942 model, Ford or Chevrolette with passenger chassis. Apply giving details and price to P.O. Box No. 756, Bombay. (9031)

RADIO FOR SALE

New all wave radio sets have arrived. Come and select your requirements from the Chicago Telephone and Radio Co., Ltd. 127 Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Post Box 1312, Bombay 1. Calcutta, Lucknow, Lahore, New Delhi. (8153)

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.
NORTH-EAST MAIN LINE

WITH EFFECT from July 25th Nos. 35 Down and 36 Up trains, at present running as Mixed trains, will be converted to run as Fast Passenger trains. They will run daily to the following timings:—

35 DOWN

Baroda	Dep. 11-00
Muttra	Arr. 12-50 (next day).

36 UP

Muttra	Dep. 17-45
Baroda	Arr. 19-15 (next day).

With effect from July 27th a new daily service, Nos. 33 Down and 34 Up will be introduced between Baroda and Dohad. The new trains will run to the following timings:—

33 DOWN.

Baroda	Dep. 18-15
Dohad	Arr. 22-35

34 UP

Dohad	Dep. 5-55
Baroda	Arr. 10- 5

The timings of Nos. 177 Down and 150 Up on the Piplod Devgad Baria State Railway and Nos. 171 Down and 174 Up on the Champaner Shivrajpur Pani Railway will be altered to connect with the new train service. Detailed timings may be obtained from stations. (9034)

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

VALUABLE BUILDING SITES in the proposed KALASIPALYAM LAYOUT, advantageously situated, especially for business people, RIGHT IN THE HEART OF THE CITY OF BANGALORE, are proposed to be SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, about the END OF AUGUST, 1946.

Please watch for the date and particulars. PLANS OF THE AREA SHOWING THE DETAILS OF THE SITES, ARE AVAILABLE FOR SALE IN THE ENGINEER'S OFFICE, AT Re. 1 each COPY.

R. MADHAVAN,
Executive Engineer,
Bangalore City Municipality,
Bangalore City.
9022

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts in the Commercial Intelligence and Industrial Statistics Section of the Department of Industries, Bombay. The posts are temporary but likely to be made permanent.

(1) LIBRARIAN: In the grade of Rs. 120-5-220.

Candidates should be graduates of a recognised University and possess in addition to a Diploma in Librarianship, sound practical experience of not less than four years in Library management and routine.

(2) STENOGRAPHERS: In the grade of Rs. 50-5/2-90-5-140 plus short-hand allowance admissible according to speed viz. Rs. 15/- for a speed of 60 words, Rs. 30/- for a speed of 100 words and Rs. 40/- for a speed of 140 words a minute.

(3) TYPIST: In the grade of Rs. 50-5/2,-90.

Candidates with good typing speed preferred.

Minimum qualification required for posts (2) and (3) is matriculation of a recognised University. Age limit for direct recruits for post (1) is 30 years but may be relaxed upto 35 in the case of a candidate specially qualified and for (2) and (3) 25 years at the time of appointment.

Candidates must be natives of the Province of Bombay as defined in Section 3 (d) of the B.C.S. Classification and Recruitment Rules. Candidates already in Government service should apply through the Heads of the Departments in which they are serving.

Candidates must state at the top of the application the post for which they are applying and mark it "C.I. & I.S."

Applications containing full particulars regarding age, educational qualifications, experience, domicile etc. and accompanied by the copies of evidence in respect of the above particulars as well as of any testimonials regarding character and ability should be sent by POST addressed to the Director of Industries and Statistics Authority, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, and should reach him on or before 18th August, 1946.

8808B

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

For Sale: One of the biggest Mica Mining Properties of Behar, containing finest quality Ruby Mica, comprising about 7 thousand acres land, major portion virgin. Some of the mines are fitted with boilers, steam pumps and compressors complete with bungalows, godowns, cars and goods trucks. Work may be started immediately. Price 11 lacs. Apply Box No. 9032, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS

Wanted large quantities of Chir, deal and fir wood suitable for manufacturing wooden packing cases. Apply Ebrahimji Lookmanji, 408, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. 2906

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available for Sales. Eastern Electric Fans. Eagle Hornes, Cycle spare parts. Gamandra Sales, Nawab Mansion, Gunbow Street, Fort, Bombay. 2598

Air Compressors with air receivers and Motors for pressures upto 45 lbs|sq. in. and 150 lbs|sq. in. from incoming consignment. Contact Western Manufacturing Co., Post Box No. 1230, Bombay No. 1. (2899)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, on the 27th day of AUGUST, 1946 at 6 p. m. (S.T.) or so soon thereafter as the Annual General Meeting convened for the same day shall be over when the following resolutions will be proposed as Special Resolutions:—

(1) "Resolved that the Company pursuant to the provisions of the Indian Companies Act (including Sections 87B (f) and 87C (2) thereof) hereby approves and sanctions the modification of the Managing Agency Agreement dated the 25th day of June 1946 (including a modification in respect of the remuneration payable to the Managing Agents) in terms of the draft Agreement proposed to be entered into between the Company of the first part, Tata Industries Limited of the second part and Tata Sons Limited of the third part submitted to this meeting and for purposes of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof and which draft Agreement is hereby approved and that (subject to the above modification) the aforesaid Managing Agency Agreement be and is hereby expressly confirmed."

(2) The Articles of Association of the Company be altered in manner following:—

"That Articles 95, 96 and 136 (and marginal notes thereto) be deleted and the following Articles (and marginal notes thereto) be substituted in place thereof:

Special Directors

"95. During such time as Tata Sons Limited, or Tata Industries Limited, the Managing Agents of the Company or their successors or assigns, shall hold shares in the capital of the Company of the nominal value of Rs. 5,00,000|-, Tata Industries Limited or their successors or assigns shall have the right from time to time to appoint a director of the Managing Agents Company as a director of the Company with power to remove such director from office and on a vacancy being caused in such office from any cause whether by resignation, death, removal or otherwise to appoint another director of the Managing Agents Company as a director of the Company. The Managing Agents of the Company, their successors or assigns during such time as aforesaid shall also have the right from time to time to appoint another person, whether a director or member of the Managing Agents Company or not as a director of the Company with power to remove such director from office and on a vacancy being caused in such office from any cause whether by resignation, death, removal or otherwise to appoint another person as a director of the Company. The director or directors appointed under this Clause are hereinafter referred to as "Special Director" or "Special Directors" and the term "Special Director" or "Special Directors" means the directors for the time being in office under this article or any of them. Such director or directors shall not be bound to hold any qualification shares and shall not be liable to retire by rotation or be removed from his or their office by the Company. He or they shall, however, be counted for the purpose of computing the one-third of the directors liable to retire by rotation under Article 103."

Right to appoint Special Directors not to determine by a change in name of Tata Sons Ltd., and or the Managing Agents Company.

"96. The right of appointment of Special Directors as provided by the last preceding clause shall not be determined by any change in the name or style of Tata Sons Limited, and|or Tata Industries Limited, the Managing Agents of the Company, or their successors in business."

General management in hands of Managing Agents.

"136. Tata Industries Limited and (subject to the provisions of the Act) their successors in business and assigns shall be the Managing Agents of the Company from the 1st day of July 1946 for the period and upon the terms, provisions and conditions set out in the Managing Agency Agreement dated the 25th day of June 1946 as modified by the draft Supplemental Agreement approved at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 27th day of August 1946. The said Managing Agency Agreement may (subject to the provisions of the Act) be further modified from time to time in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon between the Company and the Managing Agents."

By Order of the Directors,
TATA INDUSTRIES LTD.,
Managing Agents,
A. R. DALAL,
Director.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1946.

NOTE:—The Directors of the Company are interested as follows:

Mr. J.R.D. Tata, Sir H. P. Mody and Sir Ardeshir Dalal are Directors and Members of both Tata Sons Limited, and Tata Industries Limited and as such are interested in the Supplemental Agreement mentioned in the above resolution and the remuneration and other payments payable under the Managing Agency Agreement dated 25th June 1946 as modified by the said Supplemental Agreement. (9027)

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites Tenders for the purchase of Second hand Condensor Tubes. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Re. 1|- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date 5-8-1946 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) (8982)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST
STORES DEPARTMENT.

APPLICATIONS for two posts of fourth grade INSPECTORS on Rs. 90-5-150 p. m. are invited and should reach the undersigned not later than 20th August, 1946 and the envelope containing the application should be marked "Application for fourth grade Inspectors."

Qualifications required are practical experience of handling engineering Stores and preferably a diploma in engineering. Full details with testimonials should accompany the application.

R. C. MASTER,
Controller of Stores.
Clarke Bunder, Mazagon,
Bombay 10. (9028)

THE INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER

NOTICE TO MEMBERS.

THE SECOND QUARTERLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Indian Merchants' Chamber will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 7th August, 1946, at 4-0 p. m. (S.T.) at the Office of the Chamber, to receive the report of the work done by the Committee of the Chamber during the quarter ended 30th June, 1946.

A. C. RAMALINGAM,
Offg. Secretary.
(2900).

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.
RAWALPINDI EXPRESS.

WITH EFFECT from July 29th, from Bombay and July 31st from Delhi, Nos. 19 Down and 20 Up Rawalpindi Express will cease to run through on the North-Western Railway to Rawalpindi and will terminate at and start from Delhi. The present timings of these trains between Bombay and Delhi will remain unaltered.

This train will, in future, be called the "Delhi Express." (9033)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that one Share Certificate for share Number 44102 of the Central Provinces Railways Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Mrs. Meherbai Jehangir Dalal (Deceased) has been LOST or MISLAID.

THE PUBLIC are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above certificate in any way, but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned.

R. A. DUBASH,
6 Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.
2893

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIRST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Tej Industries, Ltd., will be held on SATURDAY, the 3rd of August, 1946, at Jan Mansion, Sir P. M. Road, Fort, Bombay. The necessary detailed Directors' report and notice have already been posted to shareholders individually.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from 28th July to 18th August, 1946.

By order of the Board,
AGGARWAL BROS. & CO.,
Managing Agents.
2902

WANTED

A TEMPORARY SUPERVISOR for the Eri Seed Supply Centre, Ranchi on Rs. 125|- p.m. plus usual cost of living allowance.

Candidate must hold certificate in sericulture from recognised Institution with practical experience in Eri & Mulberry, Silk worm rearing, spinning and reeling and pasteur method of disease free seed selection.

Application stating qualifications, details of practical experience, age and home districts and also enclosing attested copies of testimonials should be made on or before the 7th August, 1946, to the undersigned.

Candidates may be called for an interview at their own cost.

(Sd.) L. P. SINGH,
Director of Industries, Bihar.
(9018)

"WIT" LEATHER BELTING

Beltings Buffers, etc manufactured by THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES LTD highly approved by the Mills. Apply Selling Agents, THE INDUSTRIAL LEATHER CO., LTD, 9, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay. Phone: 33609.

PUBLIC NOTICES

DEFENCE OF INDIA RULES.

Civil Supplies Department,
Bombay Castle, 15th July, 1946.

ORDER.

No. 48(a)/IV-A:—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf and in supersession of Government Order in the late Finance Department (Supply), No. 48-IV, dated the 24th November, 1943, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that no person shall remove groundnut oil by rail, road or sea from any place within the limits of the Province of Bombay to any place in India, outside the said limits except under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence granted by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay, or the Deputy Director of Civil Supplies, (General), Bombay or the Licencing Officer in the office of the Supply Commissioner, Bombay, or an officer authorised in this behalf by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay.

Provided that no such licence shall be necessary for the carrying of groundnut oil not exceeding 10 lbs. in weight as part of his personal luggage by a BONA-FIDE traveller.

With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that notice of the above order should be given by—(a) publication of the same in the Bombay Government Gazette; (b) issue of a Press Note explaining its provisions (c) Publication of the same in the following newspapers, namely:—(1) The Times of India, Bombay; (2) Bombay Chronicle, Bombay; (3) Free Press Journal, Bombay; (4) Morning Standard, Bombay; (5) Navakal, Bombay; (6) Vividha Vritta, Bombay; (7) Jam-e-Jamshed, Bombay; (8) Bombay Samachar, Bombay; (9) Mumbai Vartaman, Bombay; (10) Samyukta Karnatak, Hubli; (11) Dnyan Prakasn, Poona; (12) Kesari, Poona; (13) Navashakti, Bombay; (14) Roznam-e-Khilafat, Bombay; (15) Inquilao, Bombay; (16) Vishwamitra, Bombay; (d) affixing copies thereof to the notice boards in the revenue offices in the districts of the Province of Bombay, and announcing by beat of drum in the villages of the said districts that copies of the Order have been so affixed; and (e) supplying copies of the same to the following—associations, namely:—(1) The Bombay Groundnut Crushing Industry, Bombay; (2) The Indian Merchant's Chamber, Bombay; (3) The Seeds Traders' Association, Ltd., Bombay.

By order of the
Governor of Bombay,
D. S. BAKHLE,
Joint Secretary to Government.
9029

AUCTION SALES

SALE ON FRIDAY 26TH, 1946, AT 3 P.M. AT THE SALE ROOM OF THE UNDERSIGNED.

300 Charpais made of Jungle Wood; Singer Sewing Machine, Household Furniture; Cupboard, Show Case, Chest of Drawers, Chairs, Bronze Articles, Electric Stoves, Watches, Binoculars and other useful articles.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF GODOWN with a big lot of empty glass bottles, Sodawater bottles, and Scent bottles, etc., and its Goodwill on SATURDAY, the 27th instant at 2-30 pm. (S.T.) at Vendors' godown at No. 32, Maruti Lane, Fort, Bombay, under instructions from Messrs. Chandrakant and Co.

Terms: 25 per cent Cash deposit, balance in 3 days and immediate delivery.

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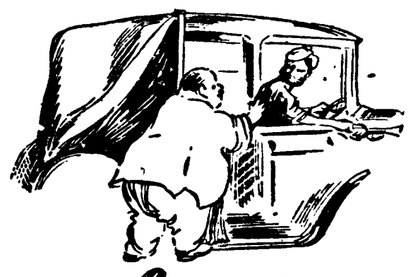

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my tyres are bad

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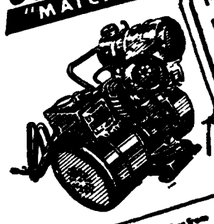

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